THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LI. No. 11—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 13th, 1920.

DOXSEE & CO.

JANUARY SALE

All Trimmed Hats in Velvets, Plushes and Beaver at HALF PRICE, to clear.

All Untrimmed Shapes and Ready-to-Wears at HALF Price.

Special prices in Children's Hats.

Ladies' and Misses' fine wool and Silk Scarfs at SPECIAL PRICES.

CORSETS—Special Prices to clear odd lines of Corsets.

BLOUSES—Crepe De Chine Blouses in white, flesh and nais, at Special Prices, to clear odd sizes.

NECKWEAR—Satin Collars in long and short roll and tailored effects.

Fancy Vestees and fronts of net and lace combined.

High necked Gumpees of net, nicely tucked with fancy collars and many other pretty styles.

The Leading Millinery House

1869 — 600 BRANCHES — 1919

THE

ROYAL BANK

OF CANADA

PROTECT YOUR VICTORY BONDS BY RENTING A SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX

Deposit the coupons every six months in a Savings Account and earn interest upon the bond, interest at 3 per cent. per annum, compounded half yearly.

If this is done regularly with (say) a 15 year bond, you will accumulate more interest than principal.

CAPITAL AND RESERVE $35,000,000

TOTAL RESOURCES $470,000,000

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA — ESTD 1873

SUCCESS and Independence.—Do not depend on what you earn but on what you save. The Standard Bank of Canada can very materially assist you to win success and secure independence. 2tf

THE

STANDARD BANK

OF CANADA

NAPANEE BRANCH

R. R. WHITE, MANAGER

BRANCHES ALSO AT:
BELLEVILLE, BRIGHTON, CAMDEN EAST, DESERONTO, MARTYSVILLE, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON.

The Napanee Branch

Great War Veterans' Association

Meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month.

Clubrooms situated in Harshaw Block, Dundas St.

Back Again

—for your—

Hay, Grain and Seeds,

And to SUPPLY you with all kinds of

Grain, Feed and Flour.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

APPLICATION OF PARLIAMENT.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Amherst Island to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario at the ensuing sittings thereof for an Act ratifying and confirming an agreement between the said Municipal Corporation and the Kingston Navigation Company, Limited, providing for the payment by the said Municipal Corporation to the said Navigation Company of the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars by way of loan in consideration of the establishment by the said last-named Company of a certain steamer service between the said Township of Amherst Island and the City of Kingston, Ontario, said loan to be secured by mortgage upon the steamer in question and to be repaid with interest in five annual installments.

Notice is also given of application that the said Act authorize the said Corporation to raise the said sum of Ten Thousand Dollars by the issue of debentures, and further notice is given that the said Corporation has no existing debenture debt.

KING & SMYTHE,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

Dated at Kingston, this 3rd day of February, A.D., 1920.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that John James Garrison, of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox & Addington, in the Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof, for a bill of divorce from his wife Mertipha Frances Garrison, of the city of Belleville in the county of Hastings, Province of Ontario, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the Township of Camden in the county of Lennox & Addington, this 13th day of December, A. D. 1919.

Herrington, Warner, & Grange
Napanee, Ontario, solicitors for the applicant. 3-13t

BELFAST BEAUTIES

I'm glad my boy is home again,
War's horrors all are past,
Forgotten, trenches, shock and pain,
But the girls of old Belfast
Bewitched him—in his heart they reign,
The belles of old Belfast.

The charming beauties of Belfast,
Their eyes, their hair, their feet
Beyond compare, they've all surpassed
With their cheeks like roses sweet.
(He never raved in times that is past
Of girls that he would meet.)

They have a charm, a fairy spell,
I know not what you'd call it;
They've witched his heart, I know right well,
The Belfast girls have got it.
But which one has it, none can tell,
Till fairy kings unlock it.

J. AMES.

S. S. No. 16, RICHMOND

Absent.

SR. IV—Hubert Hannah, Aubrey Hughes, Mary Kimmett.

SR. III—Laura Hughes, Archie Connell, Clara Seale, Grace Hughes ', Carlton Rhyndress, Ogly Smith.

SR. II—Lottie Hughes, John Hannah, Thelma Rhyndress, Edna Hannah.

JR. II—Newton Dopkin, Stanley McFarland, Rosa Hart.

JR. I—Wilson Hart, Vivian Dopking, Everton Smith.

SR. PRIMER—Isabel Paul and Victor Hannah, equal; Joy Hughes, Vincent Hart, Jimmie McConnell, Ethel Connel, Bert Thompson, Lenora Asselstine, Arthur McFarland.

JR. PRIMER—Leone Morgan, Morley Schermerhorn, Laura Asselstine, Milo Schermerhorn, Blanche Hart, Annie Barham ', Blanche Barham ', Blanche Hart, Cora Davis '.

M. ROBERTS.

Secure your seats NOW for "MIKADO"

ROBLIN

Large crowds are attending the revival meetings and the convention that started on Thursday and lasts over Sunday.

Mr. Tommy Richmond recently spent Sunday at Mr. John Hart-Wis' West Plain.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Armstrong of Forest Mills visited on Lasleo on Sunday.

Mr. Conchlie, Frankford, is spending a few days with Rev. Mr. Seale.

Mr. F. M. Hughes has sold his business to Mr. Pedwell, of Pickering. He has exchanged his property here for Mr. Pedwell's farm, and intends moving about the first of March.

Miss M. Roberts spent an evening recently at Mrs. Wm. Paul's.

The W. M. S. held a quilting at Mrs. Wm. Weddell's on Wednesday.

Mr. Osborne Seale made a flying trip to Mr. Alan Airhart's one evening recently.

Miss Leota Dafoe is spending a few days with Miss Ellen Kimmett.

Mr. Geo. McFarlane has purchased Mr. Gordon Schermerhorn's farm. Mr. Schermerhorn intends moving out west soon.

Miss Myrtle Young spent Sunday evening at D. Lasher's.

The following are on the sick list: Millie McCutcheon, Minnie Hartin, Grace Hughs, Jean Paul, Wm. Dafoe.

A few from here attended the funeral of Mr. George Henderson, of Lime Lake on Tuesday.

Mrs. Horace Paul, and daughter Jean, left on Tuesday for Belleville, where she will leave Jean for a few days for further treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Cook, and Marion, and Mr. and Mrs. Arch. Graham, Selby, spent Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Alf. McCutcheon's.

Mrs. Schermerhorn, Jr., left on Wednesday for the Kingston General Hospital where she will undergo an operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. French are spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. McDonald, Flinton.

Mrs. Elliott, Tamworth, is visiting at Mrs. C. Woods'.

Mrs. Hannah, Robindale, spent Tuesday in Kingston.

Mr. Ed. Dopking, Point Anne, spent the week-end at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Paul spent Monday evening at Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell's.

CARNIVAL at the covered rink Friday, evening, February 20th, Get your costumes ready.

DESERONTO

After being in business for the past 25 years on the same stand on St. George street, Richardson has sold out to his clerks, Messrs Percy Stoness and Cuthbert Sagar. Mr. Richardson is living in Toronto at present time. In his successors' hands has added to its business two energetic young men and will make good.

The high cost of coal and other expenses has caused Manager T. Naylor to close his theatre for a few weeks. The young people will have to find amusement skating.

Mrs. Ernest Vanalstine and son Thomas, arrived home last week after a lengthy visit in Scotland.

Mr. and Mrs W. H. Harvey are in London for a few weeks.

The Rev. E. Radcliffe and Mr. Robt. Large were in Kingston last week attending the synod meetings.

E. Donohue, Main Street, is very ill.

The town has been threatened with a potato famine but the milder weather may induce the farmers to bring in some. Butter is very plentiful, selling at 50 and 55 cents on the market.

Secure your seats NOW for "MIKADO"

PLEASANT VALLEY

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Henderson, Mt. Pleasant, took dinner Thursday at Mr. Geo. Dupree's.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle called Monday evening at Mr. John Cline's.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Merle Cole called Sunday at Mr. Jas. Denison's, Selby.

Mr. Wilfrid Cline, Belleville, spent the week-end at home.

Rev. and Mrs. P. Scott took tea Tuesday at Mr. Sidney Mills'.

Miss Marion Spencer visited Friday at George Dupree's.

Miss Maybus Dean is spending a couple of days at Mr. Asa Vine's, town.

Mr. Wilfrid Cline took tea Sunday at Rev. P. A. Scott's.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Taylor were guests Tuesday at Mr. Henry Rooks'.

Mr. John Cline made business trip to Frankford on Wednesday.

Miss Gladys Bush spent Wednesday at Mr. Z. Read's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Naughtnett visited Wednesday at Mr. Frank Vandebogart's.

Mrs. John Cline spent Wednesday at Mr. W. H. Dean's.

Pleasant.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Mills at Mr. E. P. Smith's on Sunday evening.

CARNIVAL at the covered rink Friday, evening, February 20th, Get your costumes ready.

SWITZERVILLE

On Tuesday evening of last week a large number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Neville to spend a social evening with them before their removal from the neighborhood. They were presented with a beautiful upholstered chairs, while Miss Sharpe received a bar pin set with pearls. The people regard their departure as a keen loss, as both Mr. and Mrs. Neville were always active in all phases of work in church and in the community. Best wishes go with them.

Mr. and Mrs. James Frink have been visiting relatives in Collins' Bay.

Mrs. W. Paul, Wesley, spent Thursday at Mrs. M. F. Wilson's.

C. W. Neville's sale on Thursday was well attended.

Miss Geneva Spafford has returned home after spending a couple of weeks with her sister, Mrs. Wray Kaylor, Morven.

There is a good deal of sickness in the neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Amey have been visiting in Toronto and Hamilton.

Mr. Allen and Miss Wilma Miller spent a couple of weeks with their sister, Mrs. E. Johnson, Inverary.

Several farms on the seventh concession have changed hands.

Martin-Senour Paint, 100 per cent. pure. The paint that covers. For sale at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

WILTON

The death occurred on Monday, Feb. 2nd, of Helen Elizabeth Howard, wife of Henry Hutchenson, after an illness of some five years of diabetes. She is survived by her husband and two sons, Malcolm of Kingston, and Orrie, of Wilton. The funeral service was held at her late residence on Wednesday at 11 a.m., conducted by Rev. H. J. Latimer. The remains were placed in the Wilton vault. There is much sickness in Wilton and the present time. The public school and all church services have been closed owing to the epidemic of measles.

Mrs. W. Frink and family, of Kingston, spent a few days this last week with her sister, Mrs. Eldridge Babcock.

Mrs Richard Wilson, Yarker, Mrs. Isreyal Peters, Thorpe, with their brother, Henry Hutcheson.

Mrs. Alice Shangraw, of Yarker, after spending two months with friends in Edmonton, Alta., is with her sister, Mrs. Clare Hartman.

Secure your seats NOW for "MIKADO"

You are not always forwarned these days about advances on prices. Tea is bound to advance when present stock is sold. Buy now for future use a supply of Daly's Good Tea at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

NAPANEE CHURCHES GO OVER THE TOP

Napanee churches are responding well to the call for subscriptions for the Forward Movement, and all the churches will have more than their alloted amount. Up to Thursday morning the amount subscribed was as follows:

Grace Church, objective $4000, reported $4500.

St. Mary Magdalene, objective, $2500, reported $3985.

St. Andrews' Church, objective $1500, reported $3400.

Trinity Church, objective $5700, reported $3300 on first report, incomplete to date.

ODESSA

Visitors: Mrs. Leeman, Brewer's Mills, is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Heath; Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Emmons, Toronto, with Mr. and Mrs. Charley Emmons; Mr. and Mrs. R. Quinn, of Newburgh, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Laughlin; Mrs. Ralph Benjamin left on Saturday last to visit her sister, Mrs. Shanks, Cleveland, Ohio, who is seriously ill.

Mrs. Charles Timmerman has returned from visiting relatives in Kingston.

BELL ROCK

There is an epidemic of Grippe or Flu going through this section at present.

Wood cutting and drawing is the main business here these days.

Lulu, the five year old little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Barnet Babcock was taken to the Kingston general hospital, about two weeks ago and at time of last report was gaining nicely.

Hockey is a very popular sport in the rural districts this winter.

Mrs. E. M. Yorke Verona, and E. L. Amey, Verona, were visitors at J. Pomeroy's recently.

CARNIVAL at the covered rink Friday, evening, February 20th, Get your costumes ready.

BATH

Mr. Sidney Howard has returned from a visit with friends at Canning, Kingsmeny.

Mr. Charles Vanalstine has sold his house to Mr William Hamilton (Jones) Jr.

Rev. A. H. Kennedy is on a business trip to Ompah. Mrs. Kennedy is staying in Kingston during his absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wemp have returned from a visit with friends at Verona.

Mrs. James Stevenson is visiting her son, James, at Gananoque.

Mrs. E. M. Yorke Verona, and Mills, has returned home.

Miss Gladys Topliff is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dargavel at Rock Mills.

A large number from here attended the dance at Stella on Friday evening last.

A quantity of Crib Nails, while they last at 2½ cents a pound, at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

ENTERPRISE

The roads are in fine condition at present and very much hauling is being done on them.

Mr. Nathan Wagar is hauling wood and machinery, etc., to his new farm on the ninth concession We wish him every success in his new home.

The weather has moderated a little lately.

A lot of pressed hay is being delivered from these parts.

A number of people are drawing logs to Mr. W. S. Fenwick's mill to be sawed into lumber. This seems to be a profitable business as lumber is very expensive at present.

Quite a few in this vicinity are laid up with colds at present.

Mrs. George Cooper was taken to Kingston general Hospital last week. We hope for her speedy recovery.

Mr. William Brown has rented his house to Mr. Wagar who will take possession in the near future.

Mr. Timothy Hawley of Napanee is renewing acquaintances and visiting friends in and around town.

There wil be a euchre party in the young men's hall in Chippewa on Feb. 16th. All are welcome. The usual good time is expected.

The wood saw is in the vicinity and quite a number have already got their wood sawed for the summer.

The young folks of the Methodist church gave a concert in Jackson's hall on Feb. 11th and proved an exceptionally fine one and all present enjoyed an excellent evening's entertainment.

We were very much interested in your last story, sorry it was not longer.

GLYCERINE MIXTURE FOR GAS ON STOMACH

Simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., mixed in Adler-i-ka relieves ANY CASE gas on stomach or sour stomach. It acts on both upper and lower bowel and removes all foul matter which poisoned stomach. Often CURES constipation. Prevents appendicitis. The INSTANT pleasant action of Adler-i-ka surprises both doctors and patients. One man who suffered five years from indigestion and constipation was helped by ONE dose. Wallace's Drug Store.

If the glass part of your Thermos bottle is broken you don't have to get a new bottle—just get a refill at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

TEA—in all its garden freshness

"SALADA" Tea is always fresh. It is grown in the finest tea gardens of the Island of Ceylon, picked every day, and reaches you not later than fifteen weeks after being gathered. Its native purity and fine flavour are preserved in air-tight sealed packets. You are guaranteed tea of unvarying good quality.

"SALADA"

BLACK, MIXED AND GREEN

B 389

Farmers' Sales Notes

This Bank attends to the collection of Sales Notes.

Business entrusted to us will receive our careful and prompt attention.

Do not fail to consult us. Our years of experience, and the many services we are able to render, are cheerfully offered for your assistance. 722

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

G. P. CARR, Manager.

The Young Man's ... Recommendation

...nagement ...work with ...

...to financial independence—it is a ... of character.

One of the strongest recommendations in the world of business that a young man can present, is a Merchants Bank Pass-Book, showing a record of consistent savings.

A Savings Account may be opened with $1.00, which shows how highly we regard the accounts of those who desire to save.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1864.

Head Office: Montreal.

Napanee Branch, E. R. Checkley, Manager
Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, J. W. McClymont, Manager
Tamworth Branch, S. D. Whaley, Manager

WANTED—Smart girl for household work. Small family, good salary. Apply at once to MRS. ROY G. ROOT, Adelphi street. 11-a

$5 PER DAY—Men send me your address and I will start you in a business of your own earning $5 to $10 daily the year round. Sample case and plans free. Address H. V. Martin, Windsor, Ont. 11-dp

PRIVATE SALE, beginning Feb. 21st, of household furniture, consisting of bedroom suits, parlor furniture, solid oak buffet and table, pier glass, carpets, etc., at MRS. FITZPATRICK'S residence, East street. 11-b

FARM FOR SALE—76 acres about five miles from Napanee, on good road, very good buildings, well watered, and nicely situated, price $4500.00. Apply to T. B. GERMAN, Napanee, Ont. 11b

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders will be received for 15 cords of body hardwood delivered at the Court House, Napanee. Tenders will be received up to March 15th. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Address to W. G. CLARK, Box 50, Odessa. 11-a

TENDERS

for Wiring Court House and Registry Office at Napanee

Tenders will be received for estimated cost of electrical wiring of the Court House and Registry Office at Napanee, County of Lennox and Addington, up to

MARCH 1st

Lowest tender not necessarily accepted. Address tenders to

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk,
11-a Napanee, Ont.

Muresco in all the popular shades, at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

Some tea is cheaper, some more expensive, but none quite so delicious as Daly's Good Tea—for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

$5.00 DAILY the year round. Send for yearly contract and sample case free. H. V. MARTIN, Windsor, Ont. 9-d-p

FOR SALE—Registered Short horn Bulls, 11 months old. Apply to Mark Hawley, R. R. No. 7, Napanee.

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas street; one Store House and Evaporator, on Water street. Apply to THOS. SYMINGTON. 6-tf

FOR SALE—Black Walnut Bridge Organ, in first-class condition. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas St., Napanee. 32-c

FARM PROPERTY—By having an agent at a central point any person wishing to sell or purchase a farm may get more and better opportunities than by depending upon their own efforts to meet the various dealers, many of whom may reside a considerable distance away. Anyone having a farm for sale may place the same in my hands on very reasonable terms; if no sale, no charge. My said terms will include the searching of title and the drawing of the deed without extra charge. Also anyone wishing to purchase a farm will do well to place their application with me. By having an intimate knowledge of lands and of the general requirements of farmers I am in position to render profitable and satisfactory service to those concerned in the above lines. I am also open for applications for the sale or purchase of Town Property on reasonable terms. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister-at-law, Napanee, Ont. 9-d

Kodaks and supplies are positively to be had in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store only.

The Napanee Musical and Literary Club

will present

GILBERT & SULLIVAN'S OPERA

The Mikado

under the direction of

MR. U. F. TELGMANN, of Kingston

In the Armouries, Napanee

On Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

February 16th and 17th

Splendid Choruses. Excellent Orchestra.

Reserved Seats, 75c. and $1. Rush Seats, 50c.

Plan now open at Hooper's Drug Store.

The Price of Stoves

is still rising but we are selling our present stock at the old prices.

A HAPPY THOUGHT RANGE or a HEATER

may make a lot of difference to your comfort. BUY IT NOW!

Hardware, Tinware, Agateware.

BEN. F. DAVY,

Next to Caton's.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD,
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which admission is charged for admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion. If in ordinary type, in black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, at whom advtise ments will be given, if required.

W. G WILSON,

BARRISTER,

Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc
P O Box 620. Telephone No. 88.

OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE

Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street Napanee

A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon to the Kingston Genel Hospital

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between Yeomans and Bridge Streets, Napanee. 52tf

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

What Happened at Kut.

Speaking at Newport, England, at a fete organized by the ladies of the Great War, Gen. Sir Charles Townsend said that he wished he could live long enough to see what history would say regarding the defence of Kut. He was ordered to go forward with a handful of men. Instead of having 13,000 men at his disposal he should have had 113,000. He had warned the authorities of what might happen if he was asked to go on with only a limited number of effectives, but after having given the warning his duty was done. Any order he received afterward had to be carried out. With a sufficient number of men he could have guaranteed not only to take Bagdad, but also to hold it. The Turkish army could have been thrown into the river. He very nearly accomplished that as it was, but under the circumstances which hampered him, if Bagdad had been taken it would have had to be evacuated the next day. He had found almost as many enemies behind him as he had beaten in the field. He decided to halt at that place (Kut) to give the Government time to send out more troops from overseas, but without the necessary number of troops he was forced to surrender. Owing to short rations men were dying at the rate of 26 a day, dying of hunger, but at the same time, he remarked proudly: "I did not surrender even then until I was ordered to do so, and told that no relief could be sent to me."

Old English and Middle English.

The "Old English" period, as generally understood, ended about 1100-1150, the "Middle English" period about 1500, when the period of "Modern English" began. The term "Old English," in popular use, applies vaguely to all obsolete forms of the language. The name "Early English" is often used vaguely for "Early Middle English," or for "Middle and Early Modern English."

London's Ugliest Church.

St. John's, Westminster, of which the rectory will be vacated by the new Dean of Exeter, is sometimes styled "London's ugliest church," though there are several candidates for that bad eminence.

It was compared by Lord Chesterfield, when it was newly built, to an elephant on its back with its four legs in the air.

St. John Edinburgh usually has the discredit of this extraordinary pile; but the real architect was his pupil, Archer, who designed Clifden and the present pro-Cathedral at Birmingham.

Although the general effect is miserable the architectural details are admirable, and if only two towers are seen at a time the esthetic result is good.—Westminster Gazette.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo Ohio. Sold by all Druggists 75c.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Ottawa's mayor will proclaim daylight saving from May 1 to Sept. 30. Numerous stock exchanges follow Toronto's convention in Toronto on Tuesday.

Mr. A. Hicks, of Centralia, was named as the whip by the U. F. O. members-elect.

Fred Fulton knocked out John Lester Johnson in their bout at Boston Tuesday night.

Demand sterling was offered down to 3.33¾, a decline of 50 points, with steady downward movement all day Tuesday.

Shortage of power in the province last week was attributed by Hydro officials to trouble with ice at Niagara.

A Budapest tribunal is trying and ordering terrorists to execution as result of crimes committed under Bela Kun.

Two carloads of whiskey and one of beer, estimated at nearly $200,000, were seized at Calgary by the provincial police.

Frank Mobley, M.P.P. for Atlin, B.C., and a well-known mining man, a former Ontarian, died of influenza, aged about fifty.

Discussions relative to the question of Canada's entrance of alliance between France, Britain and Belgium are proceeding at Paris.

Commissioner Lamb of the Salvation Army will arrive in Canada in a few days to confer on the Government's immigration policy.

The ferry City of Cheboygan had a thrilling encounter with ice cakes when she left the bridge across the River St. Clair suddenly broke up.

Emilien Clement and Albert Massicotte of Gouin, Que., were killed when a locomotive struck their handcar on a curve near Harvey.

The French Chamber of Deputies has passed a Daylight Saving Bill which provides that summer will begin on March 15 and end October 25.

Hon. Duncan Marshall, Minister of Agriculture for Alberta, was chief speaker at a banquet given by the citizens of Weston to their new warden, Mark Gibbons.

THURSDAY.

Canada's population is estimated now at 8,835,102.

Ex-Mayor J. B. Fischer of Waterloo died at the age of 68.

Premier Drury announced that a seat had been found in East Wellington for Hon. W. E. Raney.

Lt.-Col. W. N. Moorhouse was recommended by the Board of Control as city architect for Toronto.

John A. Webster, ex-reeve of Leeds and Lansdowne, and warden of Leeds, a prominent Unionist man, is dead.

James McGinnis, of Wahnapitae, fell while repairing some machinery in a sawmill and broke his neck.

Geo. Coppen was elected in Toronto to hang for the murder of his wife on the night of November 27.

Prof. Grant at Ottawa Agricultural College and typ'horpons set a new record for Canadian live stock sold.

T. J. Bennett, lecturer at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, died of pneumonia after nearly two weeks' illness.

A man, so far unidentified, was fatally shot by Constable Bluteau of Montreal in the act of holding up an automobile's occupants.

The farmers' executive in East Wellington decided to call a meeting on Hellyer's resignation to open the riding for Hon. W. E. Raney.

A special train service is being run through the tunnel at Sarnia owing to ice blocking the River St. Clair, making it impossible for the ferries to cross.

Josephat Barsolon, Roch Meiverin and Joseph Gaudet were burned to death, and Alphonse Carrier was badly injured in a fire which destroyed the paint shop of the Blain Carriage Works, Montreal.

At a meeting of a convention of the Fairs and Exhibitions Association, Dr. H. Clark, Dominion Seed Commissioner, suggested that competitions be organized in each county to conduct standing field crop competitions.

FRIDAY.

Poland is to have a Senate of 70 members.

In Vienna, Austria, last year, 50,000 died.

Great Britain will set a price on grain to British growers.

Premier Drury announced that the Legislature will meet on March 11.

The Toronto Board of Control approved the expenditure of $200,000 on a new fire station.

Charles B. Gravelle, of Owen Sound was electrocuted at the Chaudiere Falls power plant.

Little hope is held that a strike of maintenance of way and railway shop laborers will be averted.

Nominations in East Wellington, where Hon. W. E. Raney is to run, will be held on February 23.

All the saloons in Hull, Que., have amalgamated, and they plan to erect a modern sanitary bakery.

The protest against Mayor Mac-Bride's election in Brantford has been dismissed on both grounds.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association will at once start a campaign in favor of daylight saving.

Wm. B. Putman, Jr., four years old, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed two houses in Halifax, N.S.

Three children of Mrs. Fordham, of Ansley Park, B.C., were drowned when trying to save a brother, who was saved.

Capt. Harvey, of University of Toronto, is yet unbeaten in the Canadian National Chess Championship tournament.

Guelph Union curlers won the Governor-General's prize in the final game with London Thistles in Toronto on Monday night.

Canada's official war memorial will take the form of a museum, presumably at Ottawa, to house the Canadian forces' war trophies.

The University of King's College, Windsor, N.S., the first established in the British Overseas Dominions, was destroyed by fire, with a loss of probably over $200,000.

SATURDAY.

George Lansbury, editor of the Daily Herald, the British Labor journal, has left Helsingfors for Petrograd.

Three French boxers in various divisions will accompany Georges Carpentier to this continent next month.

The Provincial Chapter of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire is holding its first meeting in Hamilton.

Demand sterling at New York, after showing early strength, eased off to 3.32⅞ at close.

W. S. Dinnick was freed of all blame in connection with the Grand Valley transactions by Liquidator Clarkson.

Frank Kennedy, a Toronto employe of the C.N.R., was killed by a piece of a C.P.R. freight train near the North Toronto station.

St. Boniface will be the first city in Manitoba to extend the franchise to women, if a charter amendment sought is allowed.

Ten Paris bandits entered a dance hall in Paris and held up the dancers for their valuables. Two of the robbers were caught.

Rear-Admiral Sims will again appear before the Senate Investigating Committee to examine statements made by Secretary Daniels.

It is regarded at Ottawa as inevitable that the rates for Government Railways will have to be considerably increased.

Seven members of the Canadian Royal Mounted Police on with five dog teams have started from Twelve Mile, Yukon, for Fort MacPherson.

Sir James Lunam, one of the last survivors of the first Parliament of Canada, and a distinguished physician of Ottawa, is dead, in his 89th year.

Dr. Hastings, Medical Health Officer of Toronto, has asked the clergy of the city to make special public appeals for volunteers to attend those suffering from "flu."

MONDAY.

Secretary Lane of the U. S. Department of the Interior has resigned.

Gen. Yudenitch has been allowed to leave Esthonia with several of his staff officers.

Hon. Duncan Marshall at Hamilton urged farmers to take more pride in their occupation.

David Kyle, M.C., vice-president of the Dominion Steel Corporation, died at Sault Ste. Marie.

Ingersoll public institutions and places of amusement have been closed to prevent spread of the flu.

Robert McLean, world's champion speed skater, was beaten at Christiania Sunday by Oscar Mathieson.

Sir Glenholme Falconbridge passed away at his home, 25 Isabella street, Toronto, a victim of pneumonia.

Hon. Manning Doherty said he would introduce a bill making the sale of milk on a butter-fat basis compulsory.

The Independent Labor Party decided to hold their annual meeting at London on Good Friday and the following Saturday.

Premier Drury at Massey Hall, Toronto, said it meant $50,000 veterans' [illegible] $50,000 reasons to enforce their gratuity demand.

Sir George Paish, in his appeal for help for Europe, to the people of Philadelphia, said there was no extravagance in living against Americans.

Bolshevik uprisings against the Japanese on the Island of Sakhalin are reported. Important Japanese mining and petroleum plants have been destroyed.

Mr. J. G. O'Donoghue, reviewing the charge of Mr. Justice Metcalfe to the jury in the Sifton case, said it would be necessary to have the crime of sedition clearly defined.

The Federal cabinet have put up the basis for a new agreement, which, if carried through, will mean millions to the Hydro-Electric system and the Electrical Development Co.

TUESDAY.

Brantford has increased the salaries of its firemen.

A scarlet fever scare may leave St. Thomas without gas.

Two Detroit men died in Sandwich from drinking wood alcohol.

Sterling exchange in New York advanced to $3.37¼ for demand.

H. F. Strickland shot himself outside St. Andrew's Church, Toronto.

Harry Pettman, of Dereham township, accidentally shot and killed himself.

Guelph Board of Education decided on a general increase in salary of all teachers.

"Benny" Leonard decisively outboxed Johnny Dundee at Jersey City Monday night.

Fifty-five deaths from influenza and pneumonia were reported yesterday at Toronto.

Harry Greb of Buffalo beat Dick Atkins in ten rounds at the G.W.V.A. boxing tournament in Toronto.

Labor members of the Legislature in a five-hour caucus framed their program for the coming session.

Copious rains have relieved the serious situation in the influenza prevalent over wide districts of South Africa.

The Irish automobile drivers have declared their strike off and are returning to work.

The influenza epidemic has resulted in the weakening of the roll-mader of the O.H.A. teams, and the cancellation of some of the games.

An announcement from Moscow is to the effect that the Soviet executive has given orders to advance the clock one hour on February 15.

Dr. Roden, Medical Health Officer of Hamilton, announces that over 600 cases of influenza have been reported, with only four deaths to date.

Hon. Manning Doherty is elected by acclamation in East Kent, but Premier Drury has no opposition in Dufferin by E. J. Stephenson, of Toronto.

Shifting of the sand under the steamer Princess Anne of the old Dominion Line off the coast of Rockaway Shoal since Friday, "broke the back" of the ship yesterday morning.

Eminent Jurist Dead.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—Sir Glenholme Falconbridge, M.A., Chief Justice of the King's Bench and President of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court, died at noon Sunday at his home, after a brief illness. He was taken ill on Monday last with pneumonia, which affected his heart. On the previous Friday he had been sitting in the Jury Assize Court.

Sir Glenholme is survived by his wife, Lady Falconbridge, an only son, John D., and four married daughters —Mrs. A. W. Anglin, Mrs. Robert Cassells, Mrs. Thomas Moss, formerly Mrs. Cawthra Mulock, and Mrs. Douglas Young, all of Toronto.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

FIUME TO BE CLEARED.

Premier Nitti Promises Early End to D'Annunzio's Rule.

ROME, Feb. 10.—Premier Nitti "hopes" the Adriatic and Asia Minor questions will be settled within a few days, he told the Chamber of Deputies Monday.

Replying to questions the Premier said the time had arrived to tell the whole truth not only regarding Italy's foreign policy, but home policy. The question of nationality in disputed territories, Nitti said, must be settled in such a way as to leave no cause for new wars.

The Premier then summed up the Pact of London, but declared Italy was determined to maintain friendly relations with the Jugo-Slavs. He outlined in detail the solution for the Adriatic dispute between Italy and Jugo-Slavia, worked out at the recent conference of allied leaders in London and Paris. The proposition, he said, involved the cessation of Fiume within her old borders, under protection of the League of Nations with the port open to all Adriatic nations. Special privilege is granted Italians within Jugo-Slav borders, Nitti added.

While Jugo-Slavia has rejected the allied plan, Nitti continued, there still is hope of settlement. Replying to critics who demand evacuation of the London Pact, the Premier said territories awarded to Italy under this agreement already were occupied by her troops.

The situation throughout Europe is grave, the Premier said. The United States has refused to advance further loans until Europe gets to work, and undertakes seriously the problems of reconstruction.

Before the Premier's speech several deputies attacked the Government's foreign policy. Deputy Flavigonzo, first speaker of the day said that France and Great Britain only asked Italian aid after the United States refused to accept the Peace Treaty. The chamber favors a revision of the treaty and rejection of certain clauses, Flavigonzo said, adding that the deputies will not endorse the Versailles pact, ratified by royal decree, in its present form.

BIG RAILWAY STRIKE.

Three Hundred Thousand Will Walk Out In United States.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 10. A strike of 300,000 members of the Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way employes and railway shop laborers was called for Tuesday, February 17, at a meeting of the general chairmen of the [illegible] here Monday. [illegible] After a session of 17 hours the decision to strike was announced by Grand President Allan E. Barker, following advices from Washington that the negotiations with the railroad administration for wage increase offered no hope of a favorable settlement.

"I am loath to call a strike," Mr. Barker said, "but there is nothing else we can do. Our hands have been forced. I am tired of the treatment we have received from Government officials."

The text of the order calling the strike reads:

"A strike of our entire membership on roads under Federal control and those not under Federal control are authorized to take place at 7 a.m., Tuesday, February 17, and will apply to storehouse employes, stationary firemen, stationary engineers, bridge workers, cinder pit men and oilers, as well as all other members of our International. The strike is for the general increase requested last summer and in addition a uniform rate from coast to coast."

DRURY IS OPPOSED.

Returned Soldier Runs Against Premier In Halton.

MILTON, Feb. 10.—With about 1,500 names on his nomination papers, Edward J. Stephenson, Toronto compositor, made good his threat and was nominated on Monday to contest the riding against Premier Drury at the election to be held next Monday. There were only two nominations.

When the nominations were mailed at noon in the Town Hall there was only a small audience on hand. Stephenson made the first to appear with his agent, J. C. Wagleson, formerly regimental sergeant-major at the College street hospital, Toronto, and now a farmer near here. He filed his delay his papers were accepted. Premier Drury then appeared, with his agent, G. H. Gillies, of Milton. There were 200 names on his nomination papers.

Premier Drury, after the nominations, announced that he would go to Fergus to assist in the election of Hon. W. E. Raney in East Wellington.

Doherty Elected.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—A telephone message to the Parliament Buildings stated that Hon. Manning Doherty had been given an acclamation when nominations for the East Lent by-election were closed at Ridgdown on Monday.

More Sacrifice Needed.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Lord Beaverbrook, with his accustomed shrewdness, is turning to women to pull Britain out of the financial difficulties especially in the matter of the loss of six shillings on every pound spent in buying American food and raw materials. His paper, the Daily Express, calls on every woman to hand over to the state her superfluous jewelry, household ornaments, trinkets, rings, watch chains, gee-gaws, and to use silver or lesser materials instead of these or to without them entirely, receiving in exhange long-term Government bonds bearing interest. Lord Beaverbrook himself says: "After the France-Prussian war the French peasantry brought all their little hoards and turned them over in hard cash to the Germans. Cannot our women save Britain similarly now by handing over to America the five hundred millions sterling which experts say is the value of their superfluous gold?"

It is a great demand to make upon every British woman.

HUNS MUST GIVE WAY

War Criminals Cannot be Permitted to Escape.

Allies Have Sent a New Note to Germany Firmly Stating That Surrenders Must Be Made According to Peace Treaty — Many Exalted and Guilty Persons Are Scurrying to Switzerland.

PARIS, Feb. 10. The Ambassadors, without modifying the list of German war criminals, approved Sunday morning a new note to Germany, which, it is understood, is short and curt, and while it avoids threats or reprisals, is couched simply in legal form, calling attention to the article in the Peace Treats providing for the surrender of the criminals and calling upon Germany to carry out that provision. Thus the next move has been put up to Germany.

The only official announcement made after the meeting at which this note was approved was that the Ambassadors were "unanimously of the opinion that the list should be delivered to the German Government by the Paris representatives of the Powers as soon as possible."

Hence the note was telegraphed to Berlin Sunday afternoon and there made public.

There is considerable speculation as to what happened to the alleged "modifying" note which was reported as drawn up Wednesday night on the spur of the moment, and excitement ran highest in certain allied circles due to von Lersner's action. Political wiseacres read into the hurried voyage to Paris of the Lord Chancellor and Attorney-General of Great Britain another eleventh-hour incident where more restrained counsel was required to avoid blundering.

The German Government's regret for von Lersner's action gave the cue to the Allies to conform for the moment to strict legalism and deliver the list to Germany and await Germany's official action. While the speech of the Lord Chancellor to the Ambassadors was not published in full, it was said after the meeting that he confined himself to the legal aspect of the new note, wherein the Allies are in perfect accord.

The coming of the British legal authorities is still a question of speculation. One rumor, which was apparently borne out by inspired criticism in London, was that Lord Cherby should be sent to Berlin before he would approve of Wednesday night's note, which, it is reported, drawn from the emotional hand of Lloyd George.

In any event, the affair is now closed as far as the Ambassadors are concerned, until Germany acts. The Ambassadors will not meet again until after the conference of the Premiers in London next week.

The official list of those whose extradition is demanded by the Allies was issued by the French Foreign Office Sunday, without comment. The text of the original covering notes of the same note to Germany and von Lersner's refusal to accept the list were not made public.

A paper-bound book of more than 900 pages contains the names of the 890 persons or groups, with their rank and accusation against them. In many cases where names are not known a general description of the duties of the accused is given.

Four pages are devoted to Field Marshal von Hindenburg and Gen. Ludendorff, the same accusations serving for both of them.

The British list contains charges against 97 members and groups, the French 344, the Italian 29, Belgian 334, Polish 51, Roumanian 41, and the Jugo-Slav 4. This totals 900, but there are a few duplications.

The accusations and charges asked for in the British list. They were in charge of St. Amand, Denain, Ecoust, Fort de Flines, Laventie, Malchiennes, Marquion, Marquillies, Orchies and Salome.

The list of persons and groups who are designated by their rank or description of their duties because their names are not known number 1242.

A telegram from Kiel states the Chief of the Baltic Naval Staff has retired Minister of Defence Noske with reference to the Extradition of Rear Admiral von Trotha in the list of war guilty whose extradition is demanded by the Allies.

The despatch reports the chief as saying that "the navy will back Rear Admiral von Trotha, and expects him to remain at his post." To this, it is stated, Minister Noske replied:

"There must be no question of the extradition of von Trotha or any other German."

Anxiety is growing in Swiss official quarters over many Germans accused by the Allies of war crimes enter Switzerland to escape liability under the Peace Treaty.

It is reported from Basel that Vice-Admiral von Capelle, former Minister of the German Navy, crossed the frontier Saturday. Baron von der Lancken, civil governor of Brussels during the German occupation, is reported to have arrived in Switzerland from Munich. Former Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria has been staying at Davos.

There is also Swiss law against the entrance into the country of fugitives.

Can Transmute Money at Par.

OTTAWA, Feb. 10. — Mr. Morris Gest, who is in Ottawa in connection with the staging of Chu Chin Chow at the Russell Theatre, announced Saturday night that he had wired every theatre and road show under his control, both in Canada and in the United States, to accept the Canadian dollar at par on both sides of the line. Mr. Gest, with his associates, controls many large theatres through the United States.

A storm sweeping the Atlantic coast caused damage which will run into thousands.

Mr. Hoyes Lloyd, of Ottawa, scored women for wearing plumage of birds in their hats.

EMPIRE VERY STRONG

Attempts to Wreck It Are Bound to Fail.

Wall Street Journal Tells of Certain Groups of Wealthy Americans Who Have Been Plotting to Ruin the British Financially While Great Britain Was Protecting Weaker Allies In Europe.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Under the heading, "Selling the British Empire Short," the Wall Street Journal said editorially Saturday:

"A number of people have been expatiating on the great benefits to be derived by the country from selling the British Empire short. Exactly as our Irish and German sympathizers before and during the war were willing to hand the world over to the Huns if only Britain could be beaten, so they are telling us, after the war, that our interest lies in selling the Empire short and wrecking it in order to cover at a panic level.

"But a 20 cent rally in the price of sterling—of all instrumentalities permitting of speculation perhaps the most heavily oversold—turned these prophets of evil, beginning to believe their own stories of the possibility of a bear panic. It was shown in these columns that after the British fiscal year terminating March 31, with its heavy deficit, a very different condition will supervene, with a safe surplus, growing greater with a return to normal years, anticipated by the British Treasury in the deflation of $100,000,000 of currency.

"Those who wish the wreck of the British Empire, regardless of its consequences to the world, and not least, to ourselves, have been trading on this bear talk. They have had all the cheap politics of a Presidential year to play with, a President searching frantically for a popular scapegoat for his own mistakes and a Congress ready enough to play fast and loose with principle to get votes. But if they have ventured into the speculative market, betting upon British bankruptcy and the evil wish which is father to their thought, they will lose their bets.

"Foreign exchange, where they are likely to be most sharply fingers, is governed by something more than the mere balance of trade between two commodities. The fundamental financial condition of the country most affected is that the world's greatest creditor nation is its best test. Sterling is weak, because it is protected by its poor relations — the francs, lire, even marks—by helping France, Italy and Germany to get on their feet again, while we are only talking.

"Every good American will welcome the demonstrated solvency of the British Empire. The other kind of American is welcome to burn his fingers, and is beginning to do so."

REDS IN ODESSA.

Official Statement That the City Has Fallen.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—A Bolshevik communication says:

"We fought our way into Odessa. In the direction of Stavropol, we occupied Kirpichafeld, Konstantinovka and Blagodatnoyi."

Messages from Odessa say the foreign elements began evacuating the city on Friday, when British ships fired over the city throughout the day. The Bolsheviki were reported on that date to be within four miles of the city.

The British battleships Ajax and Marlborough, the light cruiser Ceres, and the U. S. destroyer Talbot are at Odessa.

Two hundred sick and 150 refugees from Odessa were taken aboard the United States merchant vessel, Navahoe, the advices say. The policy is to remove the sick and wounded and women and children first, and then the men who have been actively opposing the Bolsheviki.

Escaped from Tombs.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Michael de Falso, 27 years old, was brought here from Canada under arrest Friday night, charged with theft of liberty which he obtained by escaping from the Tombs Prison on a clever ruse, April 5, 1914. On that day, he answered to the name of his evil-mate who was to be tried for a minor offence and, impersonating him in the court room was acquitted, returning to Canada, where he was arrested near Hamilton, Ont., a few days ago. He originally was charged with burglary.

May stand for Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Lady Bonham-Carter, who before her marriage to Sir Maurice Bonham-Carter was Violet Asquith, daughter of former Premier Herbert H. Asquith, Saturday informed the Evening Standard that she had been invited to stand in a certain constituency for Parliament. She stated that she had not yet decided whether to accept the invitation.

Halifax Herald Building Fire.

HALIFAX, N.S., Feb. 10.—The services of conflagrations which have occurred in this city since the first of the year were augmented by a disastrous fire in the four-storey concrete building occupied by the Herald and Mail. The total damage will not exceed $100,000.

Cat-tail Flour.

Long ago the Iroquois Indians used to dry and pulverize the roots of the cat-tails that grow so lavishly in American swamps, and make the flour for bread and puddings, but the fact seems to have been forgotten until quite recently. Remembering this incident of Indian domestic life, a later American has made such flour, and food experts have tested it. "Even 100 per cent cat-tail flour," they report, "made biscuits that were not so different from those made with wheat flour," and "puddings made with cat-tail flour in place of cornstarch proved to be entirely satisfactory. The flavor produced by this flour is appetizing and palatable." There are thousands of acres of cat-tail in existence, capable of producing, it is estimated, more than two tons of flour to the acre. One digs and peels the roots, much as one digs and peels potatoes.

Same Mistake.

Wicks—Back to town again? I thought you were a farmer.

Hicks—You made the same mistake I did.

The right of way is mine, I know,
But I'm a lady's slave,
I turn out for a truck because
It has the right of way.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, Feb. 10. — Quotations on the Board of Trade yesterday were as follows:—

Manitoba Wheat (In Store Ft. William).
No. 1 northern, $2.80.
No. 2 northern, $2.77.
No. 3 northern, $2.72.

Manitoba Oats (In Store Ft. William).
No. 2 C.W., 91c.
No. 3 C.W., 86½c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 88½c.
No. 1 feed, 84½c.
No. 2 feed, 82½c.

Manitoba Barley (In Store Ft. William).
No. 3 C.W., $1.60.
Rejected, $1.34¾.
Feed, $1.34¾.

American Corn Track Toronto, Prompt Shipment.
No. 3 yellow, $1.56.
No. 4 yellow, $1.77.

Ontario Oats (According to Freights Outside).
No. 3 white, 86c to 90c.

Ontario Wheat (F.o.b. Shipping Points, According to Freights).
No. 1 winter, per car lot, $2 to $2.01.
No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.93 to $2.01.
No. 3 winter, per car lot, $1.92 to $1.97.
No. 1 spring, per car lot, $2.02 to $2.03.
No. 2 spring, per car lot, $1.98 to $2.01.
No. 3 spring, per car lot, $1.95 to $2.01.

Peas (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $3.

Barley (According to Freights Outside).
Malting, $1.75 to $1.77.

Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $1.45 to $1.46.

Rye (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $1.77 to $1.80.

Manitoba Flour (Toronto).
Government standard, $15.25.

Ontario Flour (In Bags, Prompt Shipment).
Government standard, $10.80 to $11.

Montreal, $11 Toronto.

Milfeed (Car lots, Delivered Montreal Mills, Bags Included).
Bran, per ton, $45.
Shorts, per ton, $52.
Good feed flour, per bag, $2.60 to $2.75.

Hay (Track, Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, $27 to $28.
Mixed, per ton, $24 to $25.
Straw (Track Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, $16 to $17.

GRAIN MARKETS.

Fall wheat—No. 2, nominal.
Spring wheat—No. 2, nominal.
Oats—No. 2 white, $1.02 nominal.
Barley—Feed, $1.25 per bushel.
Oats—$1.02 to $1.03 per bushel.
Buckwheat—$1.45 per bushel.
Rye—According to sample, nominal.
Hay—Timothy, $26 to $30 per ton.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

J. G. Bickell & Co., Standard Bank building, report the following prices on the Chicago board of trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Corn—					
May	123¾	124¾	124⅛	125⅝	129
July	124	124⅝	123⅛	123⅝	127⅝
Sept.	122	122⅝	121⅛	121⅝	125
Oats—					
May	75	75⅝	73¾	74⅝	75⅝
July	67⅝	68⅛	66⅜	67⅜	68¾
Pork—					
May	34.50	34.50	33.60	33.75	34.50
July	33.60	33.60	33.50	33.50	34.20
Lard—					
May	21.40	21.40	20.95	21.07	21.35
July	21.00	21.00	20.85	20.87	21.12½
Ribs—					
May	18.35	18.35	18.00	18.07	18.27
July	18.75	18.75	18.52	18.62	18.96

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—With around 1500 cattle at the Union Stock Yards market yesterday the demand for all classes was strong, and there showed a tendency to sell their cattle at lower prices than last week. The market was dragging until trade became decidedly slow for all classes of cattle.

The best demand was shown for some good steers, which gave evidence of a firmer tone and were finally selling as high as $13.85 with a few other lots selling at $13.50 and $13.75, but these were of course the exceptions.

Deliveries of sheep and lambs were light, and prices fell about $1 per cwt. with heavy sheep selling lower. Choice lambs sold from 18¼c to 11¼c; heavy fat sheep and bucks, 8½c to 10c.

The hog market yesterday was pretty much at a standstill with the general impression that the packers are quoting 17c to the farmer, 17¼c f.o.b., and 17¾c fed and watered for Monday's loading.

WINNIPEG LIVE STOCK.

Winnipeg, Feb. 9.—(Dominion Live Stock Branch.)—Receipts over the week-end, 1,100 cattle, 1,100 hogs and 10 sheep.

The market was extremely weak and dull; all classes and grades of stock being dragged at lower prices.

Most of the butcher cattle showed a decline of 50 cents per cwt. Feeder steers declined 25 cents to 75 cents lower. There were not enough sheep and lambs to constitute a market.

Hogs were again unsteady. Bidding opened at $19. No sales had been made at noon.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Feb. 9.—Cattle—Receipts 2,700, generally 25c to 50c lower. Shipping steers, $12 to $15.50; butchers, $8 to $13.50; heifers, $10 to $14; heifers, $6 to $11; cows, $4 to $10.50; bulls, $5.25 to $9.50; stockers and feeders, $6 to $10; fresh cows and springers easier; $65 to $170.

Calves—Receipts, 1,100, steady; $6 to $21.50.

Hogs—Receipts 8,000; 25c to 50c higher. Heavy, $15.50 to $16; mixed, $16.25 to $16.50; yorkers, light and pigs, $16.50 to $16.75; roughs, $13.25 to $13.50; stags, $9 to $11.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 8,500; lambs easier; others steady to strong.

Lambs, $12 to $17.75; yearlings, $11 to $13.75; wethers, $15 to $15.50; ewes, $5 to $14.25; mixed sheep, $14.25 to $14.75.

Want Kaiser Interned.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 10.—Socialist members of the Dutch Parliament are drafting a movement to intern former Emperor William of Germany and restrict his liberty. This step is urged, although the party generally opposes the Government's refusal to surrender Count Hohenzollern.

Speaking in the First Chamber Friday, Premier Van Vuys suggested the former Emperor be given a dwelling in some part of Holland remote from the German frontier, where he would not be dangerous to this country.

"Would the Dutch Government permit Nikolai Lenine to come here and live at ease as does the woodcutter of Amerongen?" he asked.

He declared Count Hohenzollern was a great criminal, and said he was responsible even for massacres of Armenians.

Harry's Difficulty.

Little Harry had eaten his meagre ration of bread and margarine. "Must I say grace, mamma?" Mamma—"Of course, darling." Little Harry—"Well, you said God could read our thoughts, and if I say I'm thankful He's know jolly well what a 'bominable little liar I am!"

Profitable.

"Was your daughter's musical education a profitable venture?" asked Smith.

"Rather," said Brown. "I bought the houses on either side of us at half their value."

High Tribute to Lloyd Harris

THE dinner to Mr. Lloyd Harris on the eve of his departure from London was reported in the London Daily Telegraph, as follows:—

Mr. Lloyd Harris, chairman of the Canadian Trade Mission, was the guest of the Canadian Association at Prince's Restaurant last night, when Lt.-Col. W. Grant Morden, M.P., presided, and amongst those present were: Earl of Reading, Viscount Furness, Lord Desborough, Lord Beaverbrook, Bishop of Birmingham, Hon. Arthur O. Crichton, Sir George Perley (High Commissioner for Canada), Sir John Aird, Sir Park Goff, M.P., Sir Herbert Ames, M.P. (financial director of the League of Nations), Sir Henry Dalziel, M.P., Sir C. Kinloch-Cooke, M.P., Lt.-Col. L. S. Amery, M.P. (Under Secretary for the Colonies), Lt.-Col. the Hon. Cuthbert James, Col. Sir George McLaren Brown, Sir Roderick Jones, Maj.-Gen. Sir Hubert Gough, Mr. Horatia Bottomley, M.P., Lt.-Col. Sir Campbell Stuart, Col. Sir J. Roper Parkington, Sir Reginald Macleod, Sir James McKechnie, Mr. Clem Edwards, M.P., Commander Sir A. Trevor Dawson, SirJohn Cadman, Mr. R. D. Blumenfeld, Mr. Edmund Bristol, M.P., Mr. G. R. Hall Caine, Capt. Jas. O'Grady, M.P., Mr. J. A. Seddon, M.P., and Lt.-Col. Claude G. Bryan (hon. secretary).

The chairman in proposing "Our Guest" said Mr. Harris came to this country with great knowledge of the Canadian people and the whole scale of industrial life in that Dominion. He did not think there was to-day a living man with the same extensive knowledge of the industrial and trade position of Canada or one more capable of developing Canadian trade than their guest.

Lord Beaverbrook in supporting the toast said he had been associated with Mr. Lloyd Harris in almost every business that gentleman had undertaken in Canada. It was of the utmost importance that Canadians should be properly interpreted to the United States, and they must also interpret to the United States the whole spirit of the British Empire. If Canada succeeded in making a complete understanding between these two branches of the English-speaking race she would have accomplished a great task. In conclusion Lord Beaverbrook said he hoped it would be a long time before they lost the services of Sir George Perley as High Commissioner for Canada. Sir George had done a great work during the war.

Mr. Lloyd Harris, replying, said that when the armistice was signed the Canadian Government immediately took steps to investigate and take advantage of opportunities which might exist in Europe and other parts of the world to extend and develop the Canadian export trade, and thus enable Canada to maintain her position so far as possible with the extension of her export trade, which had so greatly increased during the war period. It was also designed to take advantage of the experience which they in Canada had gained during the war with the great development of their industries. For that reason the Canadian Mission was organized, and he was asked to proceed to London for the purpose of carrying out the objects mentioned. It had been a great experience, and he had been surprised at the opportunities offered throughout the world to establish new markets for Canadian exports. He had also made a new discovery—how great a heritage they possessed who were fortunate enough to be citizens of the British Empire. Instead of spending too much time in talking about Imperial Parliaments and Imperial conferences, we should set up an Imperial trade council, on which there would be representatives from all parts of the Empire. The members should be chosen for their ability to the service of the Empire for the purpose of making a survey of the requirements and all resources of all parts of the Empire, and suggest ways and means for best developing and bringing together of the supply and demand of such resources. It was not good enough to leave the administration of such an important function of government as trade and commerce to a bureaucracy which knew nothing about trade and commerce. They must do something to bring our great Empire closer together, and make it one consolidated unity. (Cheers.)

Lt.-Col. Amery, who proposed the toast of "Canada," after referring to the great services of the Dominion throughout the war, said that the Empire was a practical necessity to Canada. The Empire belong to Canada just as much as to England. (Cheers.) He hoped Canada would rise to the height of her responsibilities, and would show that sense of power and energy which her imperial outlook demanded.

Sir George Perley and Sir Herbert Ames responded.

"The Imperial Forces" was proposed by Lt.-Col. Sir George McLaren Brown, and Maj.-Gen. Sir Hubert Gough replied.

The concluding toast, that of "The Press," was proposed by Mr. Edmund Bristol, and acknowledged by Viscount Burnham and Mr. Horatia Bottomley.

LIFT CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

Doesn't hurt! Lift any corn or callus off with fingers

Don't suffer! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store. Apply a few drops on the corns, calluses and hard skin on bottom of feet, then lift them off. ●

When Freezone removes corns from the toes or calluses from the bottom of feet, the skin beneath is left pink and healthy and never sore, tender or irritated.

One Day's Meals

BREAKFAST with the average Englishman is one of the four or five chief meals of the day, and so he usually makes it substantial one. He begins the day about an hour or so before breakfast, when he is awakened by a servant, who enters with a tray containing a large pot of tea and rolls or toast. After drinking a few cups of tea, which is almost invariably good, and consuming two or three rolls, the pangs of awakened appetite force him to leave his bed. He brings his hot water from the hall, shaves, baths and goes to the dining-room. The English do not eat oranges or grapefruit as commonly as would Americans or Canadians, and are likely to begin the banquet with a plate of oatmeal. If you are a native of Cumberland you then prepare to have what is called "a hunter's breakfast. It probably acquired the name when men would have a breakfast on Tuesday and expected to hunt the rest of the week, with no other sustenance save what they could derive from the herbage of the forest.

After the porridge the pretended hunter eats a kipper or two or the side of a haddock. Warming to his work, he next attacks a dish containing a poached egg, several rashers of bacon, and a large, real sausage. He may eat his potatoes with this dish or he may prefer to have them with the pork pie that follows. The pork pie may be either hot or cold and jellied. It has a thick crust, and as it is a great favorite with hunters, perhaps half a pound may be consumed. The meal is now practically at an end, save for a sago pudding, a quart of tea, some crackers and cheese, marmalade and a trifling pot of ale. The hunter then rises from the table able and ready to stalk a stag or scale a mountain.

Our Cumberland hunter having had a hunter's breakfast, is ready for a hunter's lunch about three hours later. It begins with soup, and works its way down through fish, game, roast, two or three kinds of potatoes and other vegetables, pudding, sweets, fruit, tea or coffee, and probably whiskey or beer. As a rule the coffee is drunk anywhere but at the table, and the invariable custom is to serve it in the smallest of cups. You may have as many small cups as you like, but apparently you cannot have a real large cup of coffee. Probably it is contrary to the provisions of Dora. Our hunter gets very little or nothing to eat between luncheon and tea-time, though he may have a drink or so, and an Englishman is more likely to do his serious drinking either with his meals or after them than before them. Due to this fact he can absorb a considerable amount of alcoholic beverage in the course of the day, and show no sign of it either contemporaneously or by an early death. Teatime is about 4 or 4.30, and is designed not as a real meal, but as something to stay the stomach before dinner. There is tea, with biscuits, and several kinds of cake. Cigarettes are lighted and what is for many the pleasantest half-hour of the day begins. Women appear to smoke as generally as the men. It is not considered amazing if they should smoke a cigar. If a man does not care for the cakes and tea he can find a substitute in a decanter.

The hunter's dinner is likely to begin at 7 or 8, and continues indefinitely. Should it be broken off ultimely before 10, or should he not feel particularly "peckish," he can return to the attack at supper time. Then if his appetite is still not satisfactorily abated he can take a sandwich or the leg of a chicken before going to bed, or perhaps a confidential servant will hide a lunch under his pillow. The dinner is like the lunch, except that there are more courses, the portions are larger, if the plates are larger, and there is likely to be a bottle of wine, and liqueurs. After the dinner proper the thought crosses the mind of the hunter that hunting is dry work and a bottle of port is opened. The action is frequently plagiarized, and the hunter and his friends settle down to quench the hunter's thirst. This is no mean task, but to Englishmen the more difficult the problem the greater the determination and ingenuity brought to bear upon it. In the end the hunter's thirst is assuaged and he has acquired an appetite for his breakfast the next day. But in order that his cravings for food may not overwhelm him in his sleep he is likely to take a few "spots," not as whiskey but as a water of Nepenthe, before finally consenting to go to bed, and permitting the game of the islands to roam unmolested until dawn sounds the new day and he swallows it.—J. V. McAree in the Mail and Empire.

A NOTABLE DISCOVERY.

Prof. Rutherford Was Formerly Connected With McGill.

Sir Ernest Rutherford, since 1907 Langworthy professor and director of physical laboratories at the University of Manchester, England, and former professor at McGill University, Montreal, has solved the riddle of transmutation of matter, the secret sought by ancient alchemists, according to Science.

Sir Ernest Rutherford is one of the best known physicists in the world, holding degrees from upwards of a dozen universities in the Old and New Worlds, and having received medals of honor from a number of institutions of higher learning. Sir Ernest has devoted much attention in recent years to radio activity and has written a number of books on the phenomena of radio active substances and their radiations.

Prof. J. C. McLennan, Canada's chief authority on the subject, doubts the information appearing in the Matin. "The discovery," he says, "probably refers to some recent work of Sir Ernest Rutherford, Cavendish professor of physics in Cambridge, in which he found that the alpha rays or helium nuclei ejected from radium atoms are capable, on bombarding nitrogen atoms, of disrupting the latter, and ejecting from them hydrogen nuclei. This would indicate that one constituent of hydrogen being a constituent of nitrogen."

It was only a few weeks ago that Prof. Rutherford wrote to Prof. McLennan, saying that he had been unable to go on with his research work, on account of his moving from Manchester to Cambridge. It is natural for Prof. McLennan to doubt that Prof. Rutherford could have gone through all the necessary work in research since then.

The process by which experiments hitherto conducted by Prof. Rutherford have been carried out, Prof. McLennan states, is the very opposite of what would be necessary to change other metals into gold. Like all scientists, however, Prof. McLennan hesitates to make positive statements of what may or may not be discovered. Possibly, he says, Prof. Rutherford may have done what the despatch states. Great discoveries in radio activity will be made in the next few years, Prof. McLennan thinks. If disrupted atoms are ever re-combined into gold it will be by this same power of helium, of which there are rich supplies in Canada. Prof. McLennan has a factory manufacturing it at the present time.

Through the ages there has been no more intense or constant dream than this power to change baser metals into gold.

Our November Trade.

The trade of Canada for the month of November was greater than during the same month a year ago by more than eighteen million dollars, according to the monthly statement issued by the Customs Department. The statement shows that in November, 1919 the grand total of Canadian trade rose to $215,714,257, as compared with $197,542,153 in November, 1918. The total figures for the eight months of the fiscal year which ended with the close of November are, however, less than during a similar period in 1918 by over sixteen millions. For the eight month period in 1918, the total of Canadian trade was $1,492,037,038, while this year it is $1,475,362,641, or a decrease of $16,674,407.

Exports for the eight months ending November 30 were some $35,000,000 lower than during the same period in 1918, the figures standing at $15,839,306,355, and 1919, $808,303,570. On the other hand, a slight increase is shown in total imports for the eight months. The total value of goods imported into Canada during the eight months was $636,389,167, while a year ago it was $623,464,075, or an increase in imports of $12,923,092.

Marked increases are shown by the statement in the value of certain domestic products exported from Canada. The value of wood, paper, etc., exported during the eight-month period was nearly $23,000,000 higher than during the same period in 1918. The statement shows that wood, paper and products were exported from Canada last year to the total value of $137,677,942, as compared with $105,847,509 in 1918. The value of domestic agricultural products exported in 1919 was more than seventy millions more than last, and animals and their products, sixty-seven millions. This increase is, however completely offset by a great falling off in the value of miscellaneous products. The value of exports classed under the head miscellaneous was over $165,000,000 greater last year than this.

A Dreary Journey.

When the projected trans-Australian line from Oodnadatta to Port Darwin is completed the traveller on it will be confronted with what will be, probably, the dreariest railway journey in the world. The greater part of the route lies through a desert region, practically devoid of life, and utterly uninteresting.

SIX MILLION JEWS ARE FACING DEATH

Starvation and Disease Cause Indescribable Suffering in Eastern Europe.

The hardships of this winter will mean death to thousands of Jews in Poland, unless outside aid intervenes at once according to Lieutenant Sheldon Wright of the American Red Cross Commission to Poland, recently returned to the United States after months of relief work in eastern Europe.

He painted a vivid picture of this half-starved people, clad in rags, who are now creeping back toward their devastated homes after months of refugee wandering, and dying of starvation and typhus along the roads, as they go.

"Outside starvation, numerous diseases, attributed to malnutrition and typhus have killed men and women and children like flies," he said. "I remember a family trying to live under an over-turned waggon by the roadside. The mother was driven under a tree a few yards away—she had been dead for days. The father was stretched upon the ground dying of typhus. He died that day. Under the waggon were two little children, both under five, sick with typhus. An older child sat stupidly beside them—a girl driven out of her mind.

"Many of the people are driven to making "bread" out of flour, sawdust, bark, and "soup" out of grass and water, Lieutenant Wright reported. There was unspeakable joy among them when the American ships, loaded with relief supplies purchased with the funds raised by the American Jewish Relief Committee and other American Jewish agencies, and American and Canadian Red Cross supplies were unloaded at Danzig and other ports. In spite of the fact that the American Jewish Relief Agencies are spending almost $2,000,000 a month now on their relief work in Poland, and that the Red Cross is doing its work on so vast a scale, hundreds of thousands of Jews and Poles will die during the winter unless more aid comes.

"Every box-car full of refugees returning to their homes has in it those who die along the way, and those who have contracted typhus," Lieutenant Wright said. "The people try to avoid disease by keeping clean, but it is impossible to do so, under existing conditions. Even our nurses and doctors fall ill of typhus, a disease caused by filth and lice."

The Red Cross and the American Jewish Relief agencies are doing their utmost to keep both the Jews and the Gentiles in these stricken lands alive. Six million Jews in eastern Europe face death unless immediate shipments of food, clothing, and bedding from Canada and the United States reach them before the cold weather sets in.

An appeal for funds is to be made in Ontario and a generous response from this district is confidently expected.

A Canadian In Command.

A Canadian, Maj. A. E. McIvor, of the R.A.F., has just been appointed commander of the famous Mesnola airdrome at an initial salary of $10,800 a year. Maj. McIvor is a Listowel man, who had a splendid record of service with the flying corps overseas. The American Government recently asked the British Government to name an Imperial airman for the position, and the latter suggested Maj. McIvor, who has been offered and accepted it.

MOBS OF CHILDREN CRAVING FOR BREAD

Gaze Into Bakeshop Windows for Hours at a Time, Hoping for Something to Eat.

"The saddest thing in all Eastern Europe at the present moment—worse than all the other instances of starvation and even of death and disease on every hand—are the children one sees outside of the few bakeries that are able to keep going in Warsaw," Sholom Asch, the famous Yiddish playwright and poet reported to the American Jewish Relief Committee upon his return from Eastern Europe, where he went as a commissioner of the Joint Distribution Committee of American Funds for Jewish Sufferers from the War.

"Outside these bakery windows are a few loaves of bread, and sometimes cakes, that are sold at a simply prohibitive price," he explained, "and even if these were as cheap as in Canada and the United States, their taste would still be unknown to the Polish Jewish children, who live on the cup of soup a day they get from American Jewish relief agencies. But the youngsters satisfy themselves with the sight of food, when they cannot get the taste of it.

"They press up to the window, and at first merely stare respectfully at the bread, an uncanny little crew of pinched faces, filled with old fear and suffering unchildish eyes. Perhaps it is raining, or the wind is blowing coldly through the tatters that they wear, that little barefoot army, but they huddle together for warmth, and do not stir. The sight of the bread has fascinated them, it is so rarely seen.

"A customer comes out, leaving the door ajar for a moment, and the warm fragrance of the bake-shop drifts out to the little ragamuffins, maddening them. They press closer to the window, their thin little faces against the glass. Those in front put out their tongues and lick the glass as if, by so doing, they could taste the bread behind it. No poet could ever write into words the wistfulness of their faces as they do it.

"One of the men from the bakery comes out and drives them away every few minutes, else they would break the glass. They are afraid of him, and for a few minutes they stand at a distance, their eyes still upon the bread. Then hunger overcomes their fear, and they press up to the bakery window again. Soon they are eagerly licking the glass once more. And this goes on all day every day in front of the bakery window."

More money is needed to help feed those children, and an appeal soon is to be made in Canada for that purpose.

Common Tendency.

"It is reported that the ex-Kaiser is trying to get back into politics."

"Seems to be human nature," replied Farmer Cornioseel. "Every wood-sawyer I've managed to get sooner or later quit work with a chip on his shoulder."

An Offer.

"If women are going into politics I s'pose we'll have to give 'em some jobs."

"Yes, I guezo. How would it do to have an inspector of knittin'?"

Visual Enjoyment.

Assigned to young Miss Chatters,
The highbrow did not break;
A brainless girl, but beautiful,
He liked to see her talk.

DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured.

Baltimore, Md.—"Nearly four years I suffered from organic troubles, nervousness and headaches and every month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatments would relieve me for a time but my doctor was always urging me to have an operation. My sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to an operation. I took five bottles of it and it has completely cured me and my work is a pleasure. I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Nellie R. Bertenshaw, 609 Calverton Rd., Baltimore, Md.

It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been relieved to health by this famous remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it will pay any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

Bird Sings to Music.

Before "the time of the singing of birds" is over—and the nightingale is beginning already to "jug jug" rather than to launch Tennyson's "liquid note"—some musician ought to do fuller justice to the blackbird.

He is the most intelligible of all birds—that is, he has intervals like those of our human music; his phrases may be, and have been, put down on our five-lined music paper.

There is a West Sussex blackbird who sang all "last May the first five notes of "The Campbells Are Coming," and he is at it again, in the same garden, this year.

Other blackbirds have composed prettier phrases, but all sound equally jolly and sweet in their trolling.—London Chronicle.

Since Japan assumed control of Formosa a dozen years ago, the annual sugar production has been increased from 75,000 to 530,000 tons.

On the Contrary.

"Did you see Hooker come in from fishing?"

"Yes, I was on the pier."

"Was there any fish lying about him?"

"No. He was lying about the fish."

Is That It?

Bix—I wonder why a Scotchman always says "hae" for "have"?

Dix—Possibly it's on account of his thrift. He saves a "v" every time he does it.

Has He a Flat Voice.

"Why do you spell it 'Home, Suits Home'?"

"You see, I was born and brought up in an apartment."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Advertising!

THE biggest men in the country have found that the easiest way to spell success is to A-D-V-E-R-T-I-S-E. Suppose the newspaper did not publish the news, how would the people know what is happening? If you don't publish the Store News how will the people know about your goods? You can never sell the goods people do not know you have.

Advertising is telling about your stock. The firm that advertises gets ahead, every time, of the firm that does not advertise. Shop-worn and out-of-date stock is the penalty merchants pay for not advertising.

PRINTING!

Counter Check Books
Letter Heads
Posters
Envelopes
Menu Cards
Statement Heads
Programmes
Dodgers
Calling Cards
Memorial Cards
Circulars
Bill Heads
Wedding Cards
Note Heads

We guarantee our work

The Napanee Express

1870 Our Golden Jubilee 1920

The Mutual Life
ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Fiftieth Annual Report

CONDENSED STATEMENT

	1918	1919	Increase
Income	$ 7,021,103	$ 8,583,404	$ 1,562,301
Paid to Policyholders	3,291,418	3,811,092	519,674
Assets	34,755,706	38,020,949	3,265,213
Surplus Earned	813,710	1,302,801	489,091
New Assurances	21,541,069	40,625,656	19,084,587
Assurances in Force	137,640,614	170,706,305	33,065,691

Fifty Years of Progress

Our Jubilee Year.—The year 1919 was notable inasmuch as it completed the first fifty years of the company's active operations, and at the same time marked the year of its greatest development and progress in all departments of its business. Policies were offered to the public in the spring of 1870, and the end of the first half century sees the company with unimpeachable assets of $38,000,000 and policies in force amounting to $170,000,000.

Remarkable Expansion of Business.—The most remarkable feature of the year was the flood of new business received, due largely to the awakening of popular appreciation of the beneficent function of life assurance by the experiences of the war and the influenza epidemic that followed. The increase in new business acquired was nearly 90%. That the record for quality business was fully maintained is indicated by the large increase of $33,065,691 in the total business in force, being over 80% of the new business written.

The Surplus Earnings.—No item of the year's operations is more gratifying than the great increase in the surplus earnings. Notwithstanding a certain number of abnormal death losses arising from the war and the influenza epidemic, amounting to $352,857.65, the surplus earnings for the year were $1,302,801, an increase over the previous year of 60%, and showing earnings of $34.27 for every $1,000 of total assets held at the end of the year.

Invested Funds.—Never in the history of Canadian life insurance has there been such a remarkable opportunity for the profitable investment of life insurance funds, and the effect of the past year's investments will be to enhance the surplus earnings over a long period of years, through holding up the average rate of interest earned on the invested funds. For the year 1919 the company earned the very satisfactory rate of 6.39%.

Comparative Statement of Growth

Year	Income	Assets	Paid to Policyholders	Assurance in Force
1870	$ 6,936	$ 6,216		$ 500,000
1880	88,691	225,675	$ 26,681	3,951,884
1890	489,858	1,696,076	176,151	13,710,800
1900	1,164,875	5,165,493	431,815	29,518,626
1910	3,020,996	16,276,562	804,759	64,855,279
1919	8,583,404	38,020,949	3,811,092	170,706,305

A copy of the detailed report will be mailed to every policyholder in due course.

S. BURROWS, General Agent, Belleville, Ont.

Wilson's Hardware Store

Dairy Supplies for Spring.

Milk Pails
Strainer Pails
Cream Pails
Milk Pans
Milk Cans
Daisy Barrel Churn
Butter Bowls and Ladles

Complete Stock Now on Hand

D. B. WILSON

(Successor to John Fennell)
'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee
6-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Second Hand Cars For Sale.

We have the following second hand cars for sale, which have been thoroughly overhauled and painted and are in first-class condition: 1917-18 and 19 Chevrolets, Ford's, Maxwell's, Gray Dort's, 5 35 McLaughlin, 6 Cylinder, 7 passenger Overland. Call in and inspect these cars and get a bargain while they last. We will accept a limited number of orders for new Chevrolet cars at last years prices and would advise intending purchasers to place their orders now as there is going to be a shortage of cars and prices will be higher in the spring. 9-tf

C. A. WISEMAN.

Oysters! Oysters! Get the best oysters at **FRANK H. PERRY'S.**

Notice.

When you are ordering your groceries don't forget H. W. KELLY'S for good farmers' butter; also strictly fresh eggs.

Poultry Meeting

The Napanee Poultry Association will meet on Monday night, 16th Feby, at 8 p. m. in the office of the Department of Agriculture Wyandottes to be judged.

J. M. THOMPSON, Secy

Boyes' Grocery.

Choice Groceries. Best fruits in season, good line of confectionery fancy cake and biscuits. Try our black tea. Try our Coffee. We pay the highest price for eggs. Phone 236. **G. W. Boyes,** John st

Napanee Collegiate Institute Concert.

To be held in the Armouries, Friday evening, February 13th, 1920. Proceeds in aid of the Collegiate Memorial to the ex-pupils who fell in the war. A programme of Choruses, Fancy Drills and Plays, also Shakespeare's Comedy, "As You Like It", will be presented. Tickets 35 and 50 cents, on sale by the pupils. 9-c

H. W. KELLY has Naval oranges at 35c, and 60c. per doz.; also strawberry and raspberry jam at the old price.

For Winter Weather

A good pair of Shoes are very necessary in winter.

Perhaps a new sole or a little neat patching may make old boots servicable.

Bring them to us. We guarantee our workmanship.

F. P. TENDALL,

O'Brien's Old Stand, west of Campbell House.

No connection with any other firm.

A full line of Maple Leaf paints, varnishes, and stains, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

WE WILL PURCHASE

Saw Logs or Standing Timber

and do CUSTOM SAWING.

W. D. MIDMER,

Lumber and Building Supplies.

MILL and EAST STREETS, NAPANEE, ONT.

'Phone: Office, 14; Residence, 123.

NEW BLOUSES!

Just arrived a choice selection of Crepe-de-Chene, Georgette and Voile Blouses at prices to suit all customers.

COME IN EARLY

FURS

Furs made to order; also Remodelled.

Advance styles to choose from.

MRS. L. JOHNSTON, - Napanee

Market Square.

11-6-m

Farmers and Builders!

We have at Camp Mohawk:

Hemlock and Pine 1 inch, 2 x 4, 2 x 6, 2 x 8, 2 x 10, 4 x 4, 6 x 6, 8 x 10, and 10 x 12, assorted lengths; Pine and Spruce 1 x 10, dressed one side, assorted lengths; 1 x 4 and 1 x 5 matched and V joint, good lengths; Roofing and Siding Paper, Windows, all sizes; Doors, single and double; Screens, Beaver Board, Fibre Board, Linabestos Board Dry Kaustine Closets, complete, suitable for country homes or school houses, Coal Heaters, Nails, Steam and Water Pipe, Valves and Fittings, Telephones, Iron and Wood Cots, with Springs.

A few small buildings, suitable for garages, could be moved on sleighs.

Fire Wood and many other articles.

PRICES RIGHT.

S. Anglin & Co., - Deseronto, P. O.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor

9.30—Morning class.
10.30—Regular service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Regular Service.
Monday, 8.00—League meeting.
Wednesday 7.30—Prayer service.
Thursday, 7.00—Three C's meet
Thursday, 8.30 — Brotherhood meets.
Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.

East End Barber Shop

Everything neat, ; First class Workmen; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. Osborne.

NOTICE ?

Parties wanting an employee or employees, please apply to Mr. N. E. Root, representative (Official) D. S. C. R., Napanee District. Phone 43 or write Box 410, Napanee, Ont.

The Market Grocery.

We have salt in barrels and bags, any quantity, White Rose and Quaker flour, groceries. Will have a line of Empire seeds direct from the growers in England.

THOMPSON BROS.

Hogs Wanted.

Will ship hogs on Saturday, February 14th, and will pay highest market price for select hogs weighing 150 lbs. or over. $3.00 off for sows. Save your hogs for Saturday.

J. W. HAMBLY,
G. H. WILLIAMS.

A Venerable Lady.

Mrs. Jane Yeomans, of Newburgh, reached her ninetieth birthday on Sunday, February 1st. On February 2nd, her children, with some of her grandchildren, met at her home in celebration of the event. A very pleasant time was enjoyed by all. At twelve o'clock noon a sumptuous dinner was served. Mrs. Yeomans is enjoying good health and was the recipient of some useful and substantial gifts from those present, and greetings from friends from a distance.

Wallace's Drug Store Sells.

4 lbs. cattle salts and 4 lbs. sulphur, 25c; 2 ounces Blands Iron Tonic Pills, 25c; large bar Castile soap 45c, large size Palm Olive soap, 10c; quart can of Zenoleum disinfectant, 75c; new Electris louse powder, 40c lb.; Separator oil 25c quart; white Bronchitis cure, 60c; Rikers Syrup of Tar and Cod Liver Oil, 50c; Wampole's Tasteless Cod Liver Oil preparation, $1.00; Scott's Emulsion, 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S.

Many Thanks

At the regular meeting of Excelsior fire Brigade, Napanee, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 3rd, 1920, the following resolution was unanimously passed:—Moved by Chief Vanalstine, seconded by Bro Ed. Uens, that the thanks of the Brigade be extended to the M. B. Mills Co., for much appreciated gift of a fine chicken to each of the firemen who attended the call at the recent fire in their work-shop. The call of duty is always cheerfully responded to by the firemen yet the remembrance of service brings a sense of satisfaction in the fact that their services are appreciated."

Don't forget when you want a good cup of coffee go to **H. W. KELLY'S.** He has the same blend that John Paisley always kept, Java and Mocha.

Musical and Literary Club.

The members of the Musical and Literary Club enjoyed a very delightful programme on Tuesday evening last. The program was prepared by Mrs. Herrington and Miss Marion Wilson, the topic being French music and literature. Miss Letha Scott opened the programme with the Marseillaise, and played a ballade by Chopin. Chiminade's song, "L'Elf" was most artistically sung by Miss Juanita Thompson. The visiting artist was Miss Mignon Telgmann, violinist, of Kingston, who, from her first number, received a warm reception. In her first selection, "Hegra Kate" the rapid passage work was favorable for its neatness and brilliancy. The Massenet, "Meditation de Thais," proved that Miss Telgmann also possesses a beautiful singing tone. Mrs. Meyers and Miss Wartman were most efficient as accompanists.

'Secure your seats NOW for "MIKADO"

Cash Sale.

J. M. HUGHS will offer for sale by public auction at the Village of Roblin, on Monday, Feb. 23rd, at one o'clock sharp the following farm stock, implements, household goods, real estate, flour, feed, etc.: 2 milch cows, 3 horses, 4 shoats, about 40 hens, 2 lumber wagons and racks, seeder, mower, horserake, cultivator, two thousand shingles, quantity of lumber, 60 cords wood, about 20 tons of hay and straw, about 75 bushels of oats, suitable for seed, 25 bus. wheat, 150 sap buckets and two sap pans, cream separator, walking plow, sulky plow, set heavy team harness, set single harness, several odd lots harness, set bobsleighs, light pleasure sleigh with box, cutter, two open buggies, 1 one-horse spring wagon, 1 spring wagon, heavy, about 1000 feet maple flooring, forks, chains, etc. Also a large quantity of household furniture. 190 acres pasture and woodland; 16 acres workland; several tons ground oats, bran, shorts, etc. Terms of sale, cash.

Tinsmithing and repairing at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

French Dry Cleaning

LET US CLEAN YOUR SUIT

We have the latest machinery and appliances for French Dry Cleaning, consequently we are enabled to obtain the best possible results with all the goods sent to us.

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., Pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.
Sermon by Canon T. Austin Smith. Results of the canvas for the A. F. M. will be announced.
Ash Wednesday, Feb. 18th.
8.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., 7.30 p.m.
Daily services in Lent—8.30 a.m. and 5 p.m.

MINUTES OF RICHMOND COUNCIL.

Selby, 2nd Feby, 1920.

The council met at Selby. The members present were Mr. A. L. Tummon, Reeve, councillors G. S. Sexsmith, W. S. Provins, John Schamehorn, and A. C. McConnell.

The Reeve presided.

The minutes of the last session were read and adopted.

Communications: One from Mrs. Mary Armstrong, Roblin, re sleigh tongue broken in pitch hole—matter was laid over until next session in order that we may obtain more information; one from Thos. Thompson re dog tax was read and referred back to Mr. Thompson for affidavit to be attached to same.

Auditors D. R. Denison and R. D. Martin submitted their report for 1919, which was moved by Jno Schamehorn, seconded by A. C. McConnell that the Auditors report be accepted and adopted and we recommend the payment of $25.00 for their services.—Carried.

Moved by J. Schamehorn, seconded by A. C. McConnell, that the contract for the printing of the Township of Richmond for the year 1920 be given to the Napanee Express for the sum of one hundred dollars, as per application received from Mr. E. J. Pollard, which application is on file in the clerk's office.—Carried.

Mr. K. W. Scott and Mr. J. Benn visited the council to-day and pointed out to us the critical condition the Vader's bridge was in and recommended to us strongly the erection of a new bridge. This matter has been under consideration by the councils of the past two years and the council is hereby appointed to meet at the said bridge in a body and investigate.

Mr. J. T. Russell visited the council to-day regarding a grant on road division No. 18 and strongly advised the getting out of the gravel in the winter as it would be a much shorter haul and thus save the Township considerable expense.

Moved by G. S. Sexsmith, seconded by A. C. McConnell, that we authorize T. J. Russell to bank gravel to be used on road division No. 18 to the extent of $100 outlay, it being distinctly understood that this gravel is to be drawn and banked now while sleighs are being used as it will save the Township one half the cost in hauling.—Carried.

Moved by W. S. Provins, seconded by J. Schamehorn that A. L. Tunmon and G. S. Sexsmith act as a committee to investigate the cost of installing a proper system of filing the records for the Municipality of the Township of Richmond and report on the same at the next session.—Carried.

Moved by A. C. McConnell, seconded by J. Schamehorn, that the following accounts be paid: John McConnell, for 56 loads of gravel for road division No. 57, $3.60; 15 loads for road section No. 56, $1.50; total $5.10; Peter Hart, repairing snow plow, $20.00; Nadole Hardware Co., 14 feet tile for road section 36, $3.60; Wallace's Drug Store, for drugs by order of Dr. Vrooman, $1.00; Mrs. Doney, aid for February, $5.00; J. McKittrick, wood for hall for December, and January, $5.00.—Carried.

Council adjourned to meet first Monday in March, at 10 o'clock a. m.

J. McKITTRICK, Clerk.

Practicing Economy.

Clerk (in delicatessen shop)—What can I do for you, madam?

Mrs. Newbride—I want some boiled ham and enough apple pie for two persons. Show me the cheaper cuts of both, please!

Beating Them to It.

"Why don't you marry me?"

"Because I don't love you."

"Why need that matter? We'd simply have a five-year start on half the people in our set."

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

SUNDAY, FEB. 15th

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—sunday School.
7.00—Evening service.
The pastor will preach at both services.
The G.S.E.T. on Tuesday evening, and C.G.I.T. on Wednesday evening.
Prof. Baird, organist and choirmaster.

WOULD PAY $5 A BOTTLE FOR IT

Is Enthusiastic About Tanlac Since it has Done so Much for His Wife

"You may wrap me up a bottle of your Tanlac," remarked George Williams of 12 Whitworth street, St. John's, Newfoundland, as he approached the Tanlac man at Gunnor's Drug store on October 11th, "for the last thing my wife said to me as I left for work this morning was to not come home to-night without it.

"Well it certainly is doing her a world of good," he continued, "and I would pay $5.00 a bottle for it rather than for her to be without it. She has suffered for fifteen years from indigestion, biliousness and headaches. In fact she complained of pains all over her body and got in such a bad shape that she couldn't do any of her housework. She had such awful pains in her back she could hardly walk and often said her head ached as if it would burst. She couldn't eat anything scarcely and often had vomiting spells. She was very weak and nervous and passed many a night without closing her eyes for sleep.

"I had heard a great deal about Tanlac and going on the idea that what's good for one is good for another" I got my wife a bottle and she had not taken but a few doses until she spoke of feeling better. She eats just anything she wants now and never has a sign of indigestion, and her appetite is just fine. She sleeps like a child at night, gets up in the morning full of energy, and goes about her housework singing just the same as if she had never suffered a day. She certainly is great and I can't praise it enough for what it has already done and is still doing for my wife."

Tanlac is sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON. (advt)

THE TRIALS OF TOM

I came from Tamworth, way out back,
To visit city brother Jack;
But Jack he had to go away,
Out to a dinner that same day;
Late to leave you, Tom, said
Jack,
You'll be alone till I get back.

Say, I know just what I'll do,
I'll bring in Magige Line to you;
The time will pass so quickly then
You'll not care when I come again
Who! Maggie Who! I cried in fright,
Don't bring her here—Jack laughed outright

My hair rose up in spite of curls,
For I was always shy of girls;
Jack laughed aloud and then he went
And not ten minutes time he spent
Till he was back—I sat quite still
For I was feeling awful ill

Here Tom, is Maggie Line, said he,
And then he laughed some more at me.
Said, good-bye Tom, I have to go,
But take good care of Maggie though;
So here I sit so young and green,
And on my lap a magazine.

By TOM.

Pirates!
Daggers!
Savages!
Moonlit Caverns!
Buried Treasure!
Dead Men's Bones!

Picture them in your mind's eye and you may get a faint idea of the plot of that roaring story of the Spanish Main

Pieces of Eight

Come, get aboard the Maggie Darling and sail with us across the scarce-awakened sea to the West Indies where is buried the gold of Spanish buccaneers. You will enjoy every moment of it.

Watch for and read the first installment of our new serial

She Came from C—

A FEW Sundays ago, a young unmarried girl, after vainly applying for admission elsewhere, staggered in a fainting condition, into a maternity home.

HERS was the old, old story—trusting—betrayed—outcast forsaken.

FORSAKEN? No! The Salvation Army thanks God every hour for opportunities given to show that the love of Christ still beats in many hearts.

THIS young girl is passing through their hands peacefully, and will leave them with her self respect restored.

THE Salvation Army serves those in the shadow of distress.

308 SERVICE POSTS IN THIS TERRITORY. USE THEM!

TO MY CUSTOMERS:—

I, Thos Symington, having disposed of my Seed Store in Napanee, herewith present my sincere thanks to my esteemed customers for their loyal support in the past, and suggest that during the present month they may find it to their advantage to receive a part of the remainder of my

STOCK OF SEEDS

AT PRICES BELOW THEIR COST

Respectfully yours,

THOS. SYMINGTON

10c

Be sure of Asperin

Genuine Aspirin Tablets in sealed vials at WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for Rikers Bromide of Quinine Tablets.

Fresh Meats.

Have a choice line of fresh baby beef and a splendid stock of all kinds of fresh meats and fish, also smoked haddies and bottled oysters. 9-h

E. R. TODD.

Cut nails, in assorted sizes, 10 pounds for 25c, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

ALL THOSE ABOUT TO

BUILD HOMES, BARNS

OR OTHER

BUILDINGS

should see us and get COMPLETE ESTIMATES on all the material they require for the work.

PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS Prepared.

We supply

CEMENT, LUMBER, SHINGLES, ROLL FELT, GALVANIZED IRON, AND OTHER ROOFINGS

Mixed cars shipped of all you need in your building.

Goods Right! Prices Right! Service Right!

W. D. MIDMER,

Lumber and Building Supplies.

Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.

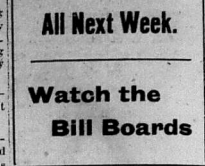
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.

WONDERLAND

Special Pictures All Next Week.

Watch the Bill Boards

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.



Masters & Snider

Funeral Directors and Embalming

Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

Carscallen Bros'. Old Stand

Centre Street, Napanee

Phone—Office 30, Residence 145.

Notice to Camera Owners

Developing, Printing and Enlarging. Expert work guaranteed. **I am not an amateur.** No need of sending your work out of town when you can have it done better and more promptly here. Regular prices. Use our films for good results. Cameras for sale. Mail orders addressed to box 466 will receive every attention. Office on John street, next door to Shepherd's grocery.

Mrs. R. B. Shipman

For a cold that is hard to shake or to fortify the system against the grip, use Rexall Wine of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Easy to take and won't upset the stomach. $1.00 per bottle at WALLACE'S.

STRAND THEATRE!

House of First-Class Photo Plays

M. MAKER, Proprietor.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13th and 14th

Bryant Washburn, supported by Wanda Hawley and an excellent cast of screen players, in the thrilling Photoplay, "THE GYPSY TRAIL."

Also good two reel Mack Sennett Comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16th and 17th

Wm. A. Brady presents the new Paramount Artcraft Special, "LITTLE WOMEN," taken from Louise M. Alcott's famous book written in 1868.

Also Burton Holmes' Travel Pictures and Canadian National News.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18th

Artcraft Pictures present Pauline Frederick in "OUT OF THE SHADOW."

Episode 12 of "ELMO THE MIGHTY."

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19th

Vaudeville and Big Comedy Drama in 3 acts, "HENPECKED HENRY." No pictures except serial, which will be shown before vaudeville at 7.30.

Admission 50c., Children 25c.

We pay war tax.

Napanee orchestra on Wednesday evening. Regular admission, except on Thursday night. These shows are all exceptionally good.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A TRIAL

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE

Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars,
Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, Proprietor

NEW SUITS
—AT—
$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of $15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

Do not neglect to call and see our big display of

Bracelet Watches

We have beauties, all good grades, as we carry no cheap ones, so our name will carry a guarantee of Good Quality.

Watches from $17.00 Upwards.

Marriage Licenses.
Wedding Rings.
—at—

F. Chinneck's Jewellery Store

Have you tried Ingersoll Cream Cheese for lunches. N. W. KELLY has a fresh shipment in.

—o—

Kodaks and supplies for sale at WALLACE'S, sole agents for Napanee.

ICE

I am in the ice business again this year. Have purchased another ice house and expect to be in a position to supply all demands.

S. CASEY DENISON
CENTRE STREET, NORTH
'Phone 101.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Office—Merchant's Bank Chambers, NAPANEE.
Money to Loan.
Phones—Office 93, Residence 123

U. M. WILSON,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
Phones—Office 46, Residence 125
Office—Dundas St., NAPANEE

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

Dr. CAMERON WILSON
OFFICE—ROBERT STREET
House lately occupied by Mrs A. F. Holmes.
Telephone—262.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN, DENTIST
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—10

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—Bridge Street, east.

BUY YOUR
BUTTER WRAPPERS
AT THIS OFFICE

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.

Be Sure to Get
WRIGLEY'S
Wrapped to insure its perfect condition in all climates and seasons. Sealed tight—kept right. The perfect gum in the perfect package.
After every meal
The flavour lasts
56

HOLIDAYS IN DECEMBER.

Young Canadians Only Enjoy a Few of Them.

No less than twenty days in the month of December are observed as bank and public holidays in the various states and countries throughout the world. The list has been compiled by the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

December 25 (Christmas Day), is not only observed as a holiday in Canada, in the United States, Alaska, Hawaii, the Philippine Islands, Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands, but also in every part of Europe, with the exception of Bulgaria, Greece, Roumania, Russia, Serbia and Turkey, (where it is observed by foreign banks and merchants); in all of the European colonies in Africa and in Liberia and Morocco; in every country and colony in North, Central and South America; in all parts of Asia except China, where it is observed by the foreign community; and in Australasia and Oceania.

Other December holidays throughout the world are as follows:

Monday, December 1.—A holiday (Flag day) in Azores, Madeira Islands, Portugal, Portuguese East Africa, Portuguese West Africa; also in Liberia (Newport day).

Tuesday, Dec. 2.—Siam (king's coronation).

Thursday, Dec. 4.—Bulgaria (unofficial), Rhodesia (Shanghai day), Roumania, Russia (church festival day, Petrograd Stock Exchange closed), Serbia.

Sunday, Dec. 7.—Cuba.

Monday, Dec. 8.—(Immaculate Conception).—A holiday in Argentina, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Brazil (not legal but generally observed), Quebec, Canary Islands, Chile, Columbia, Costa Rica (unofficial), Germany (Catholic only), Guatemala, Honduras (unofficial), Italy, Mexico (half holiday), Panama (unofficial and not observed by banks), Paraguay, Peru (unofficial), Philippine Islands (not a legal holiday), Salvador (not observed by banks); Spain, Uruguay, Venezuela (unofficial).

Tuesday, Dec. 9.—Brazil (State of Matto Grosso).

Friday, Dec. 12.—Mexico (Our Lady of Guadeloupe).

Saturday, Dec. 13.—Greece (unofficial).

Monday, Dec. 15.—Brazil (State of Las Paulo).

Tuesday, Dec. 16.—Brazil (State of Parana), Bulgaria, Greece (unofficial), Roumania, Serbia (half holiday), Venezuela.

Tuesday, Dec. 22.—Spain (Fete of the queen, limited observance).

Wednesday, Dec. 24.—Ceylon, Gibraltar, Salvador (not observed by banks), Siam (Bangkok), Sweden (half holiday).

Friday, Dec. 26. — Austria-Hungary, Barbados, Basutoland, Bechuanaland, Belgium (unofficial, the Brussels-Bourse does not close), Bermuda, Brazil (State of Espirito Santo only), British Guiana, British Honduras, Cayman Islands, Ceylon, China, (unofficial), Curacao, Cyprus, Denmark, Dutch East Indies, Dutch Guiana, Finland, Germany, Grenada (unofficial), Hong Kong, India, Italy (half holiday), Jamaica, Leeward Islands, Netherlands, New South Wales, New Zealand, Norway, Nyasaland, Queensland, Rhodesia, Siam (Bangkok), South African Union, South Australia, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Straits Settlements, Sweden, Switzerland (unofficial), Tasmania, Turks and Caicos Islands, United Kingdom, Victoria, Western Australia.

Saturday, Dec. 25.—South Australia (Proclamation day).

Monday, Dec. 29.—Costa Rica.

Tuesday, Dec. 30.—(Costa Rica, Philippine Islands (Rizal day).

Wednesday, Dec. 31.—Costa Rica, Philippine Islands, Switzerland (unofficial).

Shipping In Montreal.

That the first year of peace was a banner shipping year for Montreal is reflected in the statistics placed before the harbor commissioners of Montreal. In the season just closed 786 ships came to Montreal, of which 702 were trans-Atlantic ships, as compared with 644 last year. The British tonnage totalled 1,646,522 and total of other tonnage was 522,748. Inland transportation totalled 7,499 vessels, with 4,357,724 tonnage, an increase of 1,397 ships and of 1,043,836 over the previous season. River and gulf traffic between Montreal and the Maritime Provinces showed great improvement, number of vessels in this category being 84, with tonnage of 137,642, as compared with only 39 vessels, and tonnage of 22,861 in 1918. The 1919 season opened on April 14 and closed December 12. The opening was the earliest since 1913, but the closing was five days earlier than last year. First ocean arrival was on April 22, five days earlier than last year, and last ocean departure was December 10, four days earlier than in 1918.

Developing Pulp Industry.

An important movement for the further development of the pulp and paper industry in Canada will be started in the Province of Quebec shortly. The manufacture of pulp and paper is now one of the greatest industries of Canada, the daily output of paper in this country being 2,200 tons. With the erection of the new plant a new town will spring into existence. The site is about three or four miles east of Chicoutimi and the town will be called Saguenay.

Right vs. Might.

"Why did you turn out for that truck? According to the traffic rules you had the right of way."

"Yes," answered Mr. Chuggins, patiently. "But the truck had the right of weight."

Not Too Healthy.

"It is healthier to be cremated," says an English physician. Maybe so, but for our part we know we should never be the same man again.

Disappearing Type.

"Do you believe a gun could be made to shoot around a corner?"

"No, but the sight of a creditor often has that effect upon a man."

—o—

Fresh B. C. salmon, Lake Superior white fish, Pacific flat fish, smelts; also finnan haddies, fillets of haddies, and herring.—FRANK H. PERRY.

—o—

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

"Honour" or "Honor."

The Oxford Dictionary authorizes both spellings, and says that "honour" and "honor" are pronounced in nearly equal frequency from the Middle English period down to the 17th century. In the Statutes of the Realm of 1822, "honor" is met with twice as frequent as "honour." The two forms appear indiscriminately in the early 17th century dictionaries, but "honor" was favored by Phillips, Kersey, Bailey, and Johnson. Ash, 1775, adopted "honour" (a modern but correct spelling), and this is said to have been fashionable at the time. Nevertheless, "honour" marked the majority of English suffrages eventually, while "honor" was (under the lead of Noah Webster) generally accepted in the United States." One of the lexicographers tells us that "honour," "labour," etc., became established in England when courtiers, imitating the broken English of the court, pronounced these words as if spelled "onor," "labor," etc., with the accent on the second syllable. In Ontario the spelling in the official publications is "honour," but in one of the Australian States the official spelling is "honor."

Cost of the "Hood."

The most recently constructed British battleship, the Hood, cost the Government $35,125,000 to build, excluding the cost of guns, ammunition and stores.

The Coldstreams.

After having been stationed at Windsor since 1915, the 2nd Battalion of the Coldstream Guards have been removed to Chelsea.

—o—

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

PROSPECTUS OF
W. D. MIDMER, Limited
NAPANEE - - - - - ONTARIO
Incorporated under the Ontario Companies Acts.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $100.000.00
Divided into
400 PREFERRED SHARES of $100.00 each
600 COMMON SHARES of $100.00 each
of which
400 7 per cent. Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares are now offered to the Public at Par.

No part of this issue has been underwritten, and no provision has been made for any commissions.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS
W. D. Midmer, Lumber Manufacturer, Napanee.
W. A. Grange, Barrister-at-Law, Napanee.
M. R. Midmer, Married Woman, Napanee.

OBJECTS

The object of the Company is to trade as Lumber Manufacturers, Merchants and Dealers in Building Supplies.

It will acquire the business of W. D. Midmer, and carry on the same without change of management.

PROSPECTS

The exceptional condition of the Lumber Industry, and the immense amount of business now being offered to the Vendor, with the prospect of greater demand and higher prices, led to the formation of the company for the following purposes :

(1) To obtain our own supply of lumber at first cost, by logging, and purchasing logs and standing timber.

(2) To establish saw mills and factories for the manufacture of Lumber, Lath, Hardwood Flooring, Boxes, and certain lines of Furniture.

(3) To carry out this plan, and to secure room for development, a freehold site of ten acres has been purchased on West street, near the Canadian National Railways, and sidings will ultimately serve the property, thus securing ideal shipping conditions for extensive business.

PRESENT BUSINESS.

During the past two years the Vendor's business has increased about five hundred per cent., and from present indications it appears this rate may be continued for some time.

The existing plant at Mill and East streets is in first class shape, much new machinery having been added. It has both water and electric power, the combination giving about one hundred horse power, and it is intended to continue the retail business here, as the earnings of this plant have been sufficient during the past two years to pay seven per cent. on all Preferred and Common Shares of this Company.

NEW OPERATIONS

The retention of the retail business down town will leave the new site clear for saw milling, kiln drying, floor manufacturing, and other heavy work, for either wholesale or export, at a low shipping cost.

It is estimated that by dealing with timber in the way proposed there will be litle waste, and the shavings and other refuse will provide steam for drying and power to operate a great part of the plant, which should prove very remunerative to the Company.

AGREEMENTS.

The only agreement entered into is one made between W. D. Midmer as Vendor, of the one part, and the Company, of the other part, whereby the former agrees to sell to the Company all the assets and good will of the business as a going concern, in consideration of the issue to him or his nominees of six hundred fully paid and non-assessable shares in the Company, two hundred and fifty of the said shares, of a nominal value of twenty five thousand dollars, being for the goodwill of the business, and a copy of the agreement can be seen at the offices of the Company in Napanee.

The Vendor is not taking either cash or any of the Preferred shares for his interest in the business, thus proving his confidence in the success of the Company, and leaving all the proceeds of this issue available for the purpose of the business and extensions.

PREFERRED SHARES

The Preferred Shares are preferred both as to capital and dividend, and no bonds or mortgages will be issued except with the consent of the Preferred Shareholders.

The Preferred Shares are redeemable at the option of the Company in five years at one hundred and fifteen dollars per share.

Dividends will be payable half yearly, on the first of June and the first of December.

It is intended to create a substantial reserve as soon as it can be set aside.

ALLOTMENT

The minimum amount on which the Company will proceed to allotment will be on a subscription list of one hundred shares, of a par value of ten thousand dollars.

The Company does not bind itself to make allotment or to allot to any one applicant the whole of the shares for which he may apply.

APPLICATION

Application for shares should be accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent. of the value of the shars applied for, and this amount will be returned in full if no allotment is made.

PAYMENT.

Payment may be made as follows :

(1) In full on allotment.

(2) Forty per cent on allotment, and twenty-five per cent on the first of April, and twenty-five per cent. on the first of July, 1920.

3) Twenty per cent. on allotment and ten per cent monthly.

Directors qualification will be the holding of one share.

The preliminary expenses will not exceed three hundred and fifty dollars.

A copy of this prospectus has been filed with the Provincial Secretary of Ontario.

W. D. MIDMER,
W. A. GRANGE,
M. R. MIDMER.

Dated at Napane, this 3rd day of February, 1920.

IMPROVED THROUGH SERVICE
Between
KINGSTON and OTTAWA
Comfort Convenience Time
Daily except Sunday

	A.M.	P.M.		P.M.	NOON
Lv. KINGSTON	7.45	5.15	Lv. OTTAWA	4.50	12.50
Harrowsmith	8.30	6.10	Smiths Falls	6.20	1.50
Smiths Falls	10.10	7.50	Harrowsmith	8.30	3.50
Ar. OTTAWA	12.15	9.50	Ar. KINGSTON	8.30	3.50
	NOON	P.M.		P.M.	P.M.

THROUGH TRAINS { *Morning Train from Kingston* / *Afternoon Train from Ottawa* } No Change Necessary

For Tickets and Information, Enquire Nearest C.N. Rys. Agent

Canadian National Railways

Ontario Business College, Limited.
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Pieces of Eight

Being the Authentic Narrative of a Treasure Discovered in the Bahama Islands in the Year 1903—Now First Given to the Public.

BY

RICHARD LECALLIENNE

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Book I.

CHAPTER I.

Introduces the Secretary of the Treasury of His Britannic Majesty's Government at Nassau, New Providence, Bahama Islands.

During the summer of 1903 I was paying what must have seemed like an interminable visit to my old friend John Saunders, who at that time filled with becoming dignity the high-sounding office of secretary of the treasury of his majesty's government, in the quaint little town of Nassau, in the island of New Providence, one of those Bahama islands that lie half lost to the world to the southeast of the Caribbean sea and form a somewhat neglected portion of the British West Indies.

Time was when they had a sounding name for themselves in the world; when the now sleepy little harbor gave shelter to rousing freebooters and tarry pirates, tearing in there under full sail with their loot from the Spanish Main.

But those heroic days are gone, and Nassau is given up to a sleepy trade in sponges and tortoise shell, and peace is no name for the drowsy tenor of the days under the palm trees and the scarlet poinciannas.

Here a handful of Englishmen, clothed in the white linen suits of the tropics, carry on the government after the traditional manner of British colonies from time immemorial, each of them, like my friend, not without an English smile at the humor of the thing, supporting the dignity of offices with impressive names—lord chief justice, attorney general, speaker of the house, lord high admiral, colonial secretary and so forth.

My friend the secretary of the treasury is a man possessing in an uncommon degree that rare and most attractive of human qualities, companionableness. As we sit together in the hush of his snuggery of an evening, surrounded by guns, fishing lines and old prints, there are times when we scarcely exchange a dozen words between dinner and bedtime, and yet we have all the time a keen and satisfying sense of companionship. It is John Saunders' gift. Companionship seems quietly to ooze out of him, without the need of words.

And occasionally we have as third in those evening conclaves a big, slowsmiling, broad-faced young merchant of the same kidney. He is dragged with a nod and a smile, and takes his place in the smoke cloud of our meditations, radiating without the effort of speech that good thing—humanity; though he must not forget the one subject on which now and again the good Charlie Webster achieves eloquence in spite of himself—duck shooting.

John Saunders' subject is shark fishing. Duck shooting and shark fishing. It is enough. Here, for sensible men, is a sufficient basis for lifelong friendship, and unwearying, inexhaustible companionship.

It was in this peace of John Saunders' snuggery one July evening in 1905, the three of us being duly met and ensconced in our respective armchairs, that we got onto the subject of buried treasure. It was I who started us off by asking John what he knew about buried treasure.

At this John laughed his funny little quiet laugh. "Buried treasure!" he said; "well, I have little doubt that the islands are full of it—if one only knew how to get at it."

"Seriously?" I asked.

"Certainly. Why not? Weren't these islands for nearly three centuries the stamping ground of all the pirates of the Spanish Main? Morgan was here. Blackbeard was here. The very governors themselves were little better than pirates. This room we are sitting in was the den of one of the biggest rogues of them all—John Tinker—the governor when Bruce was here building Fort Montague at the east end yonder; building it against pirates, and little else but pirates at the Government house all the time. A great old time Tinker gave the poor fellow. You can read all about it in his 'Memoirs.' Nassau was the rendezvous for all the cutthroats of the Caribbean sea. Here they came in with their loot, their doubloons and pieces of eight;" and John's eyes twinkled with enjoyment of the rich old romantic words, as though they were old port.

"Here they squandered much of it, no doubt, but they couldn't squander it all. Some of them were thrifty knaves, too, and these, looking around for some place of safety, would naturally think of the bush. The niggers keep their little hoards there to this day."

"It is their form of stocking," put in Charlie Webster.

"Precisely. Well, as I was saying, those old fellows would bury their hoards in some cave or other, and then go off—and get hanged. Their ghosts perhaps came back. But their money is still here, lots of it, you bet your life."

"Do they ever make any finds?" I asked.

"Nothing big that I know of. A jug full of old coins now and then. I found one a year or two ago in my garden here—buried down among the roots of that old fig tree."

"Then," put in Charlie, "there was that mysterious stranger over at North Cay. He's supposed to have got away with quite a pile."

"Tell me about him," said I.

"Well, there used to be an old eccentric character in the town here—a halfbreed by the name of Andrews. John will remember him—"

John nodded.

"He used to go around all the time with a big umbrella, and muttering to himself. We used to think him half crazy. Gone so brooding over this very subject of buried treasure. Better look out, young man!"—smiling at me. "He used to be always grubbing about in the bush. Well, several years ago there came a visitor from New York, and he got thick with the old fellow. They used to go about a lot together, and were often off on so-called fishing trips for days on end. Actually, it is believed, they were after something on North Cay. At all events some months afterward the New Yorker disappeared as he had come and has not been heard from since. But since then they have found a sort of brick vault over there which has evidently been excavated. I have seen it myself. A sort of walled chamber. There, it's supposed the New Yorker found something or other. That's the story for what it's worth."

As Charlie finished John slapped his knee.

"The very thing for you!" he said; "why have I never thought of it before?"

"What do you mean, John?" we both asked.

"Why down at the office I've got the very thing. A pity I haven't got it here. You must come in and see it tomorrow."

"What on earth is it? Why do you keep us guessing?"

"Why, it's an old manuscript that came into my hands a short time ago. Charlie, you remember old Wicks—old Billy Wicks—'Wrecker' Wicks, they called him—"

"I should say I do. A wonderful old villain—"

"But the document, for heaven's sake," I said. "The document first; the story will keep."

"Well, they were pulling down Wicks' own house just lately, and out of the rafters there fell a roll of paper—now I'm coming to it—a roll of paper, purporting to be the account of the burying of a certain treasure, telling the place where it is buried, and giving directions for finding it—"

Charlie and I exclaimed together; and John continued, with tantalizing deliberation:

"It's a statement purporting to be made by some fellow on his deathbed—some fellow dying out in Texas—a quondam pirate, anxious to make his peace at the end and to give his friends the benefit of his knowledge."

"Oh, John!" said I, "I shan't sleep a wink tonight."

"I don't take much stock in it," said John. "I'm inclined to think it's a hoax. Someone trying to fool the old fellow. . . . . But, boys, it's bedtime, anyhow. Come down to the office in the morning and we'll look it over."

So our meeting broke up for the time being, and taking my candle I went upstairs, to dream of caves overflowing with goldpieces, and John Tinker, fierce and mustachioed, standing over me, a cutlass between his teeth and a revolver in each hand.

CHAPTER II.

The Narrative of Henry P. Tobias, ex-Pirate, as Dictated on His Deathbed, in the Year of Our Lord 1858.

The good John had scarcely made his leisurely, distinguished appearance at his desk on the morrow when I too entered by one door and Charlie Webster by the other.

"Now for the document," we both exclaimed in a breath.

"Here it is," he said, taking up a rather grimy-looking roll of foolscap from in front of him, which, as he pointed out, was evidently the work of a person of very little education, and began to read as follows:

County of Travas, State of Texas, December, 1858.

Feeling my end is near, I make the following statement of my own free will and without solicitation. In full exercise of all my faculties, and feel that I am doing my duty by so doing.

I was born in the city of Liverpool, England (on the 5th day of December 1784). My father was a seaman and when I was young I followed the same occupation. And it happened, that when, on a passage from Spain to the West Indies, our ship was attacked by free-traders, as they called themselves, but they were pirates.

We all did our best, but were overpowered, and the whole crew, except three, were killed. I was one of the three they did not kill. They carried us on board their ship and kept us until next day when they asked us to join them. They tried to get us to join them willingly, but we would not, when they became enraged and loaded three cannon and lashed each one of us before the mouth of each cannon and told us to take our choice to join them, as they would touch the guns and that damn quick. It is useless to say we accepted everything before death, so we came one of the pirated crew. Both of my companions were killed in less time than six months. But I was with them for more than two years, in which time we collected a vast quantity of money from different ships we captured and we buried a great amount in two different lots. I helped to bury it with my own hands. The location of which it is my purpose to point out, so that it can be found without trouble in the Bahama islands. After I had been with them for more than two years, we were attacked by a large warship and our commander told us to fight for our lives, as it would be death if we were taken. But the guns of our ship were too small for the warship, so our ship soon began to sink, when the man-of-war ran alongside of our vessels and tried to board us, but we were sinking too fast, so she left to land off again, when our vessel sank with everything on board, and I escaped by swimming under the stern of the ship, as ours sank, without being seen, and hoisting on to the ship until dark. When I swam to a portion of the wrecked vessel floating not far away. And on that I floated, and the next morning the ship was not seen. I was picked up by a passing vessel the next day as a shipwrecked seaman.

And let me say here, I know that no one escaped alive from our vessel except myself and those that were taken by the man-of-war. And those were all executed as pirates—so I know that no other man knows of this treasure except myself and it must be and is where we buried it until today and unless you get it through this statement it will remain there always and do no one any good.

Therefore, it is your duty to trace it up and get it for your own benefit, as well as others, so delay not, but act as soon as possible.

I will now describe the places, locations, marks, etc., so plainly that it can be found, without any trouble.

The first is a sum of one million and a half dollars ($1,500,000)—

At this point John paused. We all took a long breath, and Charlie Webster gave a soft whistle and smacked his lips.

"A million and a half dollars. What ho!"

Then I, happening to cast my eye through the open door, caught sight of a face gazing through the ironwork of the outer office with a fixed and glittering expression, a face anything but prepossessing, the face of a halfbreed, deeply pockmarked, with a coarse hook nose and evil-looking eyes, unnaturally close together. It was evident from his expression that he had not missed a word of the reading.

"There is someone in the outer office," I said, and John rose and went out.

"Good morning, Mr. Saunders," said an unpleasantly soft and cringing voice.

"Good morning," said John, somewhat grumpily, "what is it you want?"

It was some detail of account, which, being dispatched, the man shuffled off, with evident reluctance, casting a long, inquisitive look at us seated at the desk, and John, taking up the manuscript once more, resumed:

. . . . a sum of one million and one half dollars—buried in a cave as far as Dead Men's Shoes, near Nassau, in the Bahama islands. About forty feet (50 ft.) south of this Dead Men's Shoes is a rock, on which we cut the form of a compass. And twenty feet (20 ft.) East from this is another rock on which we cut a cross (X). Under this rock it is buried four feet (4 ft.) deep.

The other is a sum of one million dollars ($1,000,000)—It is buried on what was known as Short Shrift island; on the highest point of this Short Shrift island is a large cahbage wood stump and twenty feet (20 ft.) south of that stump is the treasure, buried five feet (5 ft.) deep and can be found without difficulty. Short Shrift island is a place where many vessels stop to get fresh water. No great distance from Nassau, so it can be easily found.

The first pod was taken from a Spanish merchant and it is in Spanish silver dollars.

The other on Short Sfrift island is in different kinds of money, taken from different ships of different nations—it is all good money.

Now friends, I have told you all that is necessary for you to know to recover these treasure and when you get it in your hands and it is my request that when you read this, you will at once take steps to recover it, and when you get it, it is my wish that you use it in a way most good to yourself and others. This is all I ask.

I am, truly your friend,
HENRY P. TOBIAS.

"Henry P. Tobias?" said Charlie Webster. "Never heard of him. Did you, John?"

"Never!"

And then there was a stir in the outer office. Someone was asking for the secretary of the treasury. So John rose.

"I must get to work now, boys. We can talk it over tonight." And then, handing me the manuscript: "Take it home with you, if you like, and look it over at your leisure."

As Charlie Webster and I passed out into the street I noticed the fellow of the sinister pockmarked visage standing near the window of the inner office. The window was open, and anyone standing outside could easily have heard everything that passed inside. As the fellow caught my eye he smiled unpleasantly and slunk off down the street.

"Who is that fellow?" I asked Charlie. "He's a queer-looking specimen."

"Yes! he's no good. Yet he's more

"Who Is That Fellow?" I Asked Charlie.

half-witted than bad, perhaps. His face is against him, poor devil."

And we went our ways till the evening. I to post home to the further study of the narrative. There, seated on the pleasant veranda, I went over it carefully, sentence by sentence. While I was reading, someone called me indoors. I put down the manuscript on the little bamboo table at my side and went in. When I returned a few moments afterward the manuscript was gone!

CHAPTER III.

I Charter the "Maggie Darling."

As luck would have it, the loss, or rather the theft of Henry P. Tobias' narrative was not so serious as it at first seemed, for it fortunately chanced that John Saunders had had it copied; but the theft remained none the less mysterious.

However, leaving that mystery for later solution, John Saunders, Charlie Webster and I spent the next evening in a general and particular criticism of the narrative itself. There were several obvious objections to be made against its authenticity. To start with, Tobias, at the time of his deposition, was an old man—seventy-five years old—and he was more than probable that his experiences as a pirate would date from his early manhood; they were hardly likely to have taken place as late as his fortieth year. The narrative, indeed, suggested their taking place much earlier, and there would thus be a space of at least forty years between the burial of the treasure and his deathbed revelation. Then we had to ask: Why during all those years did he not return and retrieve the treasure for himself? Various circumstances may have prevented him, the inability from lack of means to make the journey, or what not; but certainly one would need to imagine circumstances of peculiar power that should be strong enough to keep a man with so valuable a secret in his possession so many years from taking advantage of it.

For a long while, too, the names given to the purported sites of the treasure caches puzzled us. Modern maps give no such places as "Dead Men's Shoes" and "Short Shrift Island," but at last, in a map dating back to 1763, we came upon one of the two names. So far the veracity of Tobias was supported. "Dead Men's Shoes" proved to be the old name for a certain cay some twenty miles long, about a day and a half's sail from Nassau, one of the long string of coral islands now known as the "Exuma Cays." But of "Short Shrift Island" we sought in vain for a trace.

"All the same," said I, "the adventure calls me; the adventure and that million and a half dollars—and those 'Dead Men's Shoes'—and I intend to undertake it. I am not going to let your middle-aged skepticism discourage me. Treasure or no treasure, there will be the excitement of the quest, and all the fun of the sea."

"And some duck perhaps," added Charlie.

"And some shark fishing for certain," said John.

* * * * *

The next thing was to set about getting a boat and a crew.

After looking over much likely and unlikely craft we finally decided on a two-masted schooner of trim but solid build, the Maggie Darling, 42 feet over all and 13 beam; something under twenty tons, with an auxiliary gasoline engine of 24 horse power, and an alleged speed of ten knots.

Next, the crew.

"You will need a captain, a cook, an engineer and a deckhand," said Charlie, "and I have the captain and the cook all ready for you."

That afternoon we rounded them all up, including the engineer and the deckhand, and we arranged to start, weather permitting, with the morning tide, which set east at six o'clock on July 13, 1903.

Ship's stores were the next detail, and these, including fifty gallons of gasoline, over and above the tanks and three barrels of water, being duly got aboard, on the evening of July 12 all was ready for the start; an evening which was naturally spent in a parting conclave in John Saunders' snuggery.

"Why, one important thing you're forgotten," said Charlie. "Machetes—and spades and pickaxes. And I'd take a few sticks of dynamite, along with you too. I can let you have the lot. We'll get them aboard tonight."

"It's a pity you have to give it away that it's a treasure-hunt," said John, "but then you can't keep the crew from knowing. And they're a queer lot on the subject of treasure, have some of the rummiest superstitions. I hope you won't have any trouble with them."

"Had any experience in handling niggers?" asked Charlie.

"Not the least."

"That makes me wish I were coming with you. They are rum beggars. Awful cowards, and just like a pack of children. You know about sailing anyhow. That's a good thing. You can captain your own boat, if need be. That's all to the good. Particularly if you strike any dirty weather. But let me give you one word of advice: Be kind, of course, with them—but keep your distance all the same. And be careful about losing your temper. You get more out of them by coaxing—hard as it is, at times. And, by the way, how would you like to take old 'Sailor' with you?"

"Sailor" was a great Labrador retriever, who at that moment turned up his big head with a devoted sigh from behind his master's chair.

"Father," I said. So "Sailor" was thereupon enrolled as a further addition to the crew.

"Old Tom," the cook, was first on hand next morning. I took to him at once. A simple, kindly old "darky" of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" type, with faithfulness written all over him, and a certain sad wisdom in his old face.

"You'll find Tom a great cook," said Charlie, patting the old man on the shoulder. "Many a trip we've taken together after duck, haven't we, Tom?"

"That's right, suh. That's right," said the old man, his eyes twinkling with pleasure.

Then came the captain—Capt. Jabez Williams—a younger man, with an intelligent, self-respecting manner, some what noncommittal, businesslike, evidently not particularly anxious as to whether he pleased or not, but looking competent and civil enough.

Next came the engineer, a young hulking bronze giant, a splendid physical specimen, but rather heavy and sullen and not over-intelligent to look at. The deckhand proved to be a shackly, rather silly, effeminate fellow, suggesting idiocy, but doubtless wiry and good enough for the purpose.

While they were busy getting up the anchor of the Maggie Darling I went down into my cabin to arrange various odds and ends, and presently came the captain, touching his hat.

"There's a parcel," he said, "outside here wants to know if you'll take him passenger to Spanish Wells."

"We're not taking passengers," I answered, "but I will look him over."

There was standing up in a rowboat, leaning against the ship's side.

"You'd do me a great favor, sir," he began to say in a soft, ingratiating voice.

I looked at him with a start of recognition. He was my pockmarked friend, who had made such an unpleasant impression on me at John Saunders' office. He was rather more gentlemanly looking than he had seemed at the first view, and I saw that, though he was a halfbreed the white blood predominated.

"I don't want to intrude," he said, "but I have urgent need of getting to Spanish Wells, and there's no boat going that way for a week. I've just missed the mail."

"I didn't think of taking any passengers," I said.

"I know," he said. "I know it's a great favor I ask." He spoke with a certain cultivation of manner. "But I am willing of course to pay anything you think well for my food and my passage."

I waived that suggestion aside and agreed irresolutely looking at him, with no very hospitable expression in my eyes, I dare say. But really my distaste for him was an unreasoning prejudice, and Charlie Webster's phrase came to my mind—"His face is against the poor devil!"

It certainly was.

Then at last I said, surely not overgraciously: "Very well. Get aboard. You can help work the boat;" and with that I turned away to my cabin.

CHAPTER IV.

In Which Tom Catches an Enchanted Fish, and Discourses of the Dangers of Treasure Hunting.

The morning was a little overcast, but a brisk northeast wind soon set the clouds moving as it went humming in our sails, and the sun, coming out in its glory over the crystalline waters, made a fine flashing world of it, full of exhilaration and the very breath of youth and adventure, very uplifting to the heart.

Nassau looked very pretty in the morning sunlight, with its pink and white houses nestling among palm trees and the masts of its sponging schooners, and soon we were abreast of the picturesque low-lying fort, Fort Montague, that Major Bruce, nearly two hundred years ago, had such a time building as a protection against pirates entering from the east end of the harbor. It looked like a veritable piece of the past, and set the imagination dreaming of those old days of Spanish galleons and the black flag, and brought my thoughts eagerly back to the object of my trip, those doubloons and pieces of eight that lay in glittering heaps somewhere out in those island wildernesses.

Then Tom came up with my breakfast. The old fellow stood by to serve me as I ate, with a pathetic touch of the old slavery days in his deferential, half-fatherly manner, dropping a quaint remark every now and again; as, when drawing my attention to the sun bursting through the clouds, he said, "The poor man's blanket is coming out, sah"—phrases in which there seemed a whole lot of pathos to me.

Presently, when breakfast was over, and I stood looking over the side into the incredibly clear water, in which it seems hardly possible that a boat can go on floating, suspended as she seems over gleaming gulfs of liquid space, down through which at every moment it seems she must dizzily fall,

Then Tom Came Up With My Breakfast.

As Tom and I gazed down, lost in those rainbow deeps, I heard a voice at my elbow saying with peculiarly sickening unction:

"The wonderful works of God."

It was my unwelcome passenger, who had silently edged up to where we stood. I looked at him, with the question very clear in my eyes as to what kind of disagreeable animal he was.

"Precisely," I said, and moved away.

I had been trying to feel more kindly toward him, wondering whether I could summon up the decency to offer him a cigar, but "the wonderful works of God" finished me.

"Hello! captain," I said presently, pointing to some sails coming up rapidly behind us. "What's this? I thought we'd got the fastest boat in the harbor."

"It's the Susan B., sponger," said the captain.

To be Continued

"Hudson Seal."

The tremendous demand for the skin of the humble muskrat, "Hudson Seal," when it appears in milady's coat or muff, has won it a high rank in the catalogue against the high cost of living. Eastern rats are now being sold in New York at $3.75 apiece, as compared with 55 to 60 cents in 1915, and that the Western Canadian variety brings $2.60, as against thirty cents in prewar days.

Halifax Wants Olympics.

The permanent Olympiad Committee has received a request that the Olympian games in 1924 be held at Halifax. The question will be decided at the games to be held at Antwerp next summer and several countries are expected to be strong contenders.

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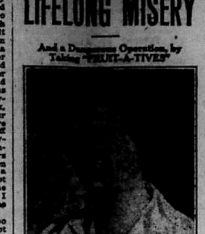

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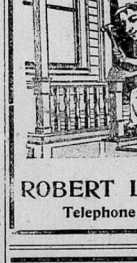

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ILL-FITTING COLLARS

The Cause of Sore Shoulders in Farm Horses.

The Skin Scalds and the Hair Falls Out — Abscesses or Tumors May Form — Treatment Suggested — Planting Field Beans.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

WHEN a horse has been properly fitted for hard work, the collar fits properly and the driver observes reasonable precautions to avoid trouble, it is seldom that shoulder trouble occurs, but where the horse has not been prepared for work, or the collar does not fit properly, or the driver is careless, trouble is very liable to occur. When the horse has a long cost of hair in the spring it is good practice to clip the parts with which the collar comes in contact, as a preventive measure. In fact, in many cases it is wise to clip the whole horse.

Shoulder troubles are usually caused by ill-fitting collars, but in horses not accustomed to work, may occur even when the collar fits properly.

The most common shoulder trouble is practically a form of scalding. The skin becomes inflamed and tender, the hair drops out, and if work be continued the parts become raw. This is often due to neglect in cleaning the face of the collar regularly, also thoroughly cleaning the shoulders regularly, and failure to remove the collar at meal times to allow the shoulders and collar face to become dry, and then clean them before putting the collar on again. For treatment, a lotion made of one ounce each of acetate of lead and sulphate of zinc in a pint of cold water, is probably the best application. This should be applied three or four times daily, and, if possible, the animal should be given rest or worked in a breast collar.

Abscesses or tumors may form on the shoulder as a result of pressure of the collar. One form of this trouble appears suddenly. A swelling of considerable size is noticed. It is not very tender or sore to pressure, and is found to be soft and fluctuating when handled. This is called a "serous" abscess. It contains a thin fluid, about the consistency of water called "serum" which is situated just beneath the skin.

Another form appears more slowly. The horse evinces pain when pressure is put upon the shoulder, and examination reveals a swelling. The animal can work and evinces little pain, except for a short time after he is put to work, until after he is allowed to stand for a few minutes. The soreness and enlargement gradually increase, and while the swelling may not appeal to the touch, as solid and hard as at first, it has not the fluctuating condition of the serous abscess. The walls are thicker. This contains pus or matter, and is called a purulent abscess. Treatment in either case consists in making a free incision through the walls of the abscess at the lowest point, to allow free escape of the contents, and then flushing out well three or four times daily until healed, with a five per cent. solution in water, of one of the coal tar antiseptics or carbolic acid, in this case the patient is allowed to rest, or be worked in a breast collar.

Another condition from like causes is a fibrous tumor. This forms slowly, is more or less solid, and acts much the same as a purulent abscess. In some cases it is not possible to diagnose definitely whether it is a tumor and a purulent abscess with very thick walls, without exploring. A small incision is made right into the centre of the enlargement. If even a very little pus be present it will yield to the treatment for an abscess, but if no pus be present only treatment is dissection. The whole fibrous growth must be carefully dissected out, the wound stitched, except a portion at the lower end to allow escape of pus which forms during the healing process, and treated as an abscess.—Dr. J. H. Reed, O. A. College, Guelph.

Care of Plants In Winter.

Water growing pot plants only when they need it, then water them thoroughly. When the pot is filled to get dry and powdery on the surface, or when the pot is tapped with the knuckles or a knife handle and it emits a ringing sound, the plant requires water. Give sufficient water so that it runs out through the bottom of the pot. Water plants in the morning in cold weather, not at night. Use tepid rain water, or water that has been exposed to air and sun for a day or two, if possible. The water should be lukewarm, about 50 to 60 degrees F. in winter.

Ventilation in the atmosphere is one of the main requirements to be successful with plants indoors. Place pans or saucers of water on the heaters or registers. A steaming kettle or pot of water on the stove is a great help in this respect.

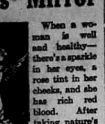
When the pots become full of roots, or where the soil is poor, worn out or exhausted, liquid fertilizers can be given plants. The soil should be moderately moist, not wet, when the fertilizer is applied. There are several good plant foods sold at seed stores. "Sterling Plant Tablets" or "Bonora" are both good. Half an ounce of nitrate of soda dissolved in a little water, and added to cold water added to make one gallon, also makes a fairly good fertilizer for pot plants. Apply once every week or ten days.

Spraying with water will help keep down insect pests. A fine spray thoroughly applied to all parts of the plant is necessary to be effective. Plants having very rough hirsute foliage, should not be sprayed or sponged, especially in winter, only the plants having glossy, glabrous foliage. Insect pests increase and thrive best in a dry, heated atmosphere. For aphids or green lice, white fly, red spider and thrip, "Sulpho-Tobacco Soap" is a good remedy. Black Leaf 40 is also a good remedy for these insect pests on house plants. Soapy water or a solution of whole oil soap and tobacco water is beneficial for scale insects on plants.

Slake about one-half pound of fresh lime in a pail of water, allow it to settle. Give about a teacupful of this solution once or twice to each plant suffering from earth worms.

Put frozen plants in a dark place at cool temperature about 45 degrees F. Do not touch the leaves. Sprinkling with ice cold water is beneficial.—W. Hunt, O. A. College, Guelph.

Nature's Mirror



When a woman is well and healthy—there's a sparkle in her eyes, a rose tint in her cheeks, and she has rich red blood. After taking nature's tonic which Dr. Pierce called "Favorite Prescription," there's elasticity in every movement and a spring in her step. Love comes to every woman who has bounding health—but when she is pallid, dull eyed, languid, she has no magnetism nor does she appeal to any man.

SAVED A LIFE

Elmira, Ont.:—"I have a very kind feeling for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for it once saved my mother's life. When going through middle age her health failed very fast; she suffered with pain in her head and backache, in fact, she had pains and aches all through her body. She lost weight, was very nervous, would become dizzy and at times faint and fall wherever she chanced to be. This necessitated our watching her all the time, we dared not leave her alone. She was as miserable as one could be and live. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was recommended to her. She took six bottles and was completely restored to good health."—MRS. B. E. UPTHEGROVE, Box 223.

TO HAVE MEAT AT COST

ANIMALS FURNISHED BY MEMBERS OF THE "RINGS."

Start Is Made In Spring—Slaughtering Is Done by Man Hired for the Purpose, Who Usually Receives "Fifth Quarter" For His Pay—No Dividends Paid.

Beef, clubs or rings and co-operative butcher shops are two of the plans being used by farmers to reduce the cost of meat for their tables. The co-operative butcher shop is regarded as an outgrowth of the beef clubs, which in varying forms have been in operation for many years.

Many of the clubs have a membership of eight farmers, but most of them have sixteen. Operations of the club start in the spring, when the first member on the list furnishes a beef for killing. The slaughtering is done by a man hired for the purpose and who usually receives the "fifth quarter," such as the hide, heart and liver, as his pay. The beef is divided into as many parts as there are members of the club.

The next week a second member furnishes the beef, and so on for eight or sixteen weeks, the various portions of meat being rotated among the members so that each gets a proportionate share of the choice cuts and of the poorer cuts.

The beef is weighed after the animal is dressed and thus the pounds furnished by each member are known. At the end of the season settlement is made by any members who have not furnished their full shares.

In farming community objection was found to these beef rings because each household had to consume a stated amount of beef on stated

Some of the Dressed Beef.

days during the week in order that the available supply would be disposed of economically. This tended to make the beef diet monotonous and ultimately led to the amalagamation of the beef rings into a co-operative butcher shop.

Each member owns one share of stock in the project, and in his turn furnishes one head of cattle or as many sheep or hogs as are desired for slaughter. The members are credited with the dressed weight of the live stock provided minus a shrinkage of 15 per cent. They receive coupon books equivalent in value to the amount of meat furnished, allotments being apportioned equal in steaks, roasts and boiling pieces.

Each member is privileged to purchase as much or as little meat as he wishes and at any time he can "cash in" on his coupon book at the prevailing prices. Surplus meat is sold to the local trade at from 5 to 7 cents lower per pound than the retail butchers charge for similar cuts in grades of meat, it is reported.

It is required that all animals be in prime market condition when they are delivered at the co-operative shop; that they be subjected to both ante-mortem and post-mortem examination, and that the cattle must not be more than two years old at the time of slaughter.

Like the beef rings, this meat distributing organization is strictly co-operative and distinctly under farmer control. It pays no dividends. In fact, the project is so managed that the surplus is just enough to reimburse the butcher for his services and to cover operation expenses.

General Farm Hints.

Put a plant or two of rhubarb in the cellar which should be kept at a temperature of 60 to 70 degrees in sand, which is kept moist and in the dark so that it will produce stems and tops. Do some reading on gardening work for this year, or more especially think over the failures of the last.

If the roads are in good shape, get your manure out and spread. A dressing of 8 to 10 loads per acre will keep the orchard in condition. For buying in the larger cities, order early as the car situation is serious enough to delay shipments.

Light pruning of apple orchards, taking out the small wood with the long-handled pruners, may be carried out during bright weather. Grape trimming may also be looked after when the weather is suitable.

Before feeding or selling any grain crops make good provision for your own seed supply.

Finish cutting out of black knot of cherry and plum.

Inspect and oil windmill before winter.

If weather is fine and warm may continue to spray peach trees and give first application to trees badly infested with San Jose scale.

On rough days during this and succeeding months it is well to go over all packages, barrels, boxes, etc., mending broken carriers, handling baskets.

Be sure pumps are in good condition.

It is not too early to consider the question of getting help for the big crop which will have to be raised in 1920.

Shiloh The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small doses. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

THE STABLE IN WINTER

Keep Your Dairy Cows Comfortable and Clean.

Spray the Place With Whitewash—Add Some Germ-killer — Fill In All Broken Window Panes, and Provide Other Ventilation—Care of Plants In Winter.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE period of long, cold winter is here. Of necessity, our milking cows must have special protection from the cold, and at the same time must be made as comfortable as possible.

The whole of the inside of the stable should have a thorough cleaning. The dust and cobwebs should be swept from the walls, ceiling and windows; the windows should be thoroughly cleaned, also the mangers and stalls. Then spray whitewash all over the inside, except the windows. To the whitewash add some disinfectant such as a carbolic acid preparation, or a chloride germ-killer. This will kill disease germs, lurking in dark, damp places and maintain the health of the animals, which is at the foundation of profitable milk production.

The next step is to put in all broken window lights. All cows the owner thinks he cannot afford to buy glass at the present high prices, a piece of coarse cloth, such as an old sack, may be tacked over the window space. This will provide some ventilation in a stable not otherwise ventilated.

Cow stables need ventilation in winter by having the foul air removed and fresh air introduced without a draft directly on the cows. A simple way to do this is to hinge all windows at the bottom and allow them to open inward, so as to admit the air towards the ceiling. There should be a V-shaped board at each side or end of the window, to turn the side-draft. Foul air could also be should extend below the ceiling of the stable, and preferably, have two inlets for foul air—one near the floor and one at the ceiling, so that in this way the foul air is removed without cooling the stable too much, by simply closing the top outlet. No space for cheap ventilation works automatically. They all require some attention.

Other points in stable preparation are to have all ties secure so that no cow may not get loose; repairs to mangers and gutters should be made so that they may be kept clean and sanitary without too much labor. Litter and feed carriers are great savers of labor in looking after a herd of milkers during the winter.

In a word, make the cows comfortable and lessen the labor of stabling cows by having them necessary and convenient, with as many helps as possible in the form of machinery.—Prof. H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

Handling Asparagus After the Cutting Season.

Handling of beds of asparagus after the cutting season is comparatively simple. The first thing necessary is to stop all cutting no later than the first of July. At this time give the bed a thorough cultivation and a heavy coat of manure to the depth of about four to six inches. The addition of commercial fertilizer at the rate of 800 to 1,000 pounds per acre made up largely of nitrogen and phosphorus will be a great help to it. Then allow the bed to grow until the fall, being sure that it is kept sprayed with poison Bordeaux Mixture to keep down the asparagus rust and destroy the asparagus beetle, both in the adult and larval stage. To this poisoned Bordeaux should be added a sticker made of resin or soap as the spray will not adhere to the smooth surface unless this is done. In October when the berries are turning red all the tops should be cut off and burned to remove and danger of asparagus rust or larvae being carried over to next year. The final preparation in the fall is by ploughing toward the row. This will give drainage during the winter time, thus drying out the soil much earlier in the spring when the burrows will be throw back and the bed gets a much earlier start.—A. H. McLennan, Vegetable Specialist.

DARK SILK FROCK NECESSARY

Garment Must Be Trimmed So That It Will Not Be Conspicuously Decorated.

There are precious few women who can get along successfully without a dark silk frock. But the big problem is, how trim this more or less tailored silk, so that it will look finished and yet not be conspicuously decorated?

And a very appropriate and charming solution is the novel use of open-work embroidery shown on many an exclusive dark silk. A navy taffeta, for instance, is decidedly more fetching thing for a bit of eyelet decoration done in a matching color or in another neutral tone. And now that the fashion is moving down to the bottom of skirts, what a charming chance to move some rather bold eyelet work down there. When it comes to treating the bodice the same scheme ought to work up beautifully about a round neck, now that so many smart necklines are ribbon run.

Then you can do really striking things with serge cutouts on the dark silk ground. Instead of the more usual braiding business there is the serge scroll idea which is the very latest fancy of the season, simple satin or taffeta or tricolette dress. Follow the rather bolder designs suggested for braid work, and cut out in velour or serge, then double machine-stitch to the surface that you are ornamenting. The purple and navy, and black and navy combinations give excellent results by this method.

NEW TYPE OF SILK SWEATER

Baby Ribbon and Angora Collar and Cuffs Features of an Attractive Garment.

Sweaters are doing so many things these days that it's hard to keep up with them. One clever young lady has made herself what she properly calls her "real silk sweater," and it is one of the things which you may not have seen a sweater do before.

Instead of using wool or silk floss, this young lady used baby ribbon and gave it angora collar and cuffs after the combination vogue of the present-day sweater. She seems to make a scarf collar for it after she has tired of the angora one, for she didn't knit the collar and cuffs right onto the sweater; she only sandwiched them on with snap-fasteners. Being very temperamental, she anticipated her oncoming wish for a "change."

She is going to knit the scarf of embroidery ribbon instead of baby ribbon, and snap it to the back of the sweater neck. The cuffs to go with it will be made turn-back ones just as the ones of angora which are now on the sweater.

It really is a fascinatingly pretty thing to wear with her silk skirts, and when she wears a ribbon sash with it —well, her costume would win admiration most anywhere!

IS THE SMALL HAT DOOMED?

Indication Favorable to Broadness Through Hips Points to Wide or Tall Headgear.

There are some smart women who never feel smartly dressed for the street unless they are wearing a small hat. This does not mean that the small hat is any smarter—simply that some women feel smarter when wearing it, and there is no denying the fact that it is vastly easier to keep one's hats trim and in place under a small hat than a large one.

Undoubtedly it would be very hard for a good many women ever to give up the small hat. Yet there are times when small hats are quite out of fashion. A couple of decades ago no one but old women in their weeds wore small hats, and those small hats were bonnets. When the so-called toque came in it was a real novelty.

And there are those who say that with the dress silhouette tending further to the small hat will be simply have to go. If we are to wear skirts that give the effect of broadness through the hips we will look absurd in our small hats. The only way to finish the picture as it should be finished will be to wear wide-brimmed hats or very tall hats. The very high headdress of the period of Louis XV is being worn to cover or distract the dwarfing effect of the wide-hipped pannier frock and when full skirts were in vogue some twelve or fifteen years ago hats that were of extreme width—and with that you could not have worn one into a telephone booth without holding your head sidewise—came into vogue.

FABRICS FOR KIDDIES' COATS

Velvets and Woolens Are Favored; Frocks of Velveteen and Serge in Brown.

Fashions for the small girl always reflect to a certain extent the modes for grown-ups. With little folk it is not so much a matter of form as of color and effect, and whether the grown-ups are straight of line or have their skirts bouffant does not concern the small girl for whom both straight and full skirt are worn.

The new snap of the season's colorings are admirable for child wear and the velvets and woolens make charming coat materials for the small girl. Brown is a favorite shade this season in children's. All the browns that mothers and big sisters affect are possible for little sister.

She may have her coat of castor velours de laine trimmed with nutria or beaver, her duvetyn bordered in darker brown fur, her African brown velvet lined with creamy rose satin and trimmed with braid embroidery.

There are even some delightful little brown frocks for her, simple, medium tone brown serges, with white or ecru collars and small little patent leather belts; quaint brown velveteen sleeveless frocks, worn over yellow guimpes in crepe de chine.

But when she wears dark frocks at all, blue is still her favorite color, and dark blue fine twill serge the small girl's chosen material. The things the child outfitters do to those blue serge dresses are almost as interesting and varied as the things the designers do to the inevitable dark blue serge frocks for older girls.

DRESS FOR GIRLS

Smart Model May Be One-Piece or Two-Piece Affair.

Serge or Other Fine Twilled Wool Material is Suggested for Its Construction.

The dress shown in the sketch is an exceptionally smart model for a youthful figure, and while some flare is evident about the hips, the general silhouette is straight. The dress may be a one-piece or a two-piece affair, according to choice. Serge or one of the other fine twilled wool materials so fashionable is suggested, with satin yoke and trimming of fine silk soutache braid.

Navy is the first thought in selecting a material for a street frock, but various shades of brown, especially that dark dull tone, known as tete de negre, are so popular that navy may with safety be shelved if brown is be-

coming to the individual for whom the frock is intended. It would be good made of brown wool fabric combined with black satin and trimmed in black braid.

Blouse Frock of Serge and Satin.

BAGS TO GO WITH FROCKS

Fashion Induces Many Women to Make Their Own Bags at a Big Saving.

If you have nimble fingers and a little time there is no excuse for not having attentive bags to go with your smart suits and trimmed in black frocks. For the smartest and most expensive bags are of the "home-made sort." To be sure, the materials cost something, but the big item is hand work, and if you can make a pastime out of this, so much the better. Bead bags are still fashionable, but so expensive that not every woman feels that she can afford one. She can make one herself for the cost of the beads, which is not much compared to the finished bag. The design which can be bought from the art needlework shop or department store is stamped on cross-stitch canvas and then the beads are sewed on the silk with the canvas over it in straight lines. Sometimes the bags are all beads and sometimes just the lower part is made of beads, while an inside bag of silk slips within this outer part. The strings are sometimes covered solidly with beads, sometimes are merely trimmed with them and are sometimes made of silk ribbons.

Indian bags, which are made of leather worked with beads, can be made at home, and these are extremely smart and perhaps more durable than those mounted on silk. The Indian bags are most effective if they are finished with a fringe of beads at the bottom. Sometimes this bead fringe is almost as long as the bag itself.

Embroidered bags are less expensive than bead bags and perhaps easier to make. If worked in gorgeous colors they are indeed resplendent. It is nice to make the bags from leftovers from your silk frocks with the embroidery to harmonize with the color used in the dress.

Rose-Trimmed.

Roses are used to create lines on the surface of the gowns. They are made of crystals, paste velvet. They are swung around the deepest armholes, they outline the apron effect. They are dropped from waist to ankles in straight lines to accentuate the movement of the skirt drapery. They swing from one hip across the front and up to the end of the spine. They are placed across the front of the bodice like the modern Sam Brophy belt, which is merely an adaptation of the sash of ancient Europe to indicate military rank.

Cuff Hem of Fur.

The turned-up cuff hem as a feature of new skirts of narrow width finds unusual expression in the street dress, with a cuff hem of fur matching the turn-back cuffs and facing up-standing collar.

Double Advantage of Hogs.

A most excellent way of harvesting a large part of the corn crop is to "hog it down." The hogs do the work with even less waste than if the corn is harvested by hand. Furthermore, they make better gains than when fed. Thus there is a double advantage.

Poultry Notes.

It is important to give the fowls pure water.

Weed out all scrub chickens and buy pure-bred stock.

Early-hatched chicks escape many warm-weather diseases.

Dyed Her Faded Skirt, Also a Coat

"Diamond Dyes" Make Shabby Apparel Just Like New—So Easy!

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, draperies,—everything!

A Direction Book is in package.

To match any material, have dealer show you *"Diamond Dye"* Color Card.

This tailleur of cocoa peach bloom is cut along rather severe lines, but is rendered quite elaborate by silk embroidery and bands of kolinsky. Wide embroidered cuffs on the tight sleeves are a pleasing feature.

WINTER FURS

Neckpieces, with practically no exception, are made in straight scarf form, in various lengths and widths. Collarettes and fancy shoulder capes have some representation.

In pelts, mink takes first place for garments and neckpieces, as well as for trimmings of cloth suits.

Brown and tan being the fashionable colors in both silk and wool fabrics, revival of interest in mink as a trimming, and in kolinsky in the light yellow of the natural color is noted.

Natural colored gray hare is in demand as a trimming; gray squirrel still holds its own.

Rabbit is used to some extent.

TAILLEUR OF GRAY DUVETYN

In excellent taste is this tailleur of gray duvetyn, cut with collar that is neat and trimmed with gray fur and braid. Narrow belt is placed at a rather high waistline and fine tucks and bone buttons well placed relieve the severe line.

Cleaning Velvet.

Stretch the velvet dress out flat on the table or on anything on which it can be stretched full length. If possible hold it down with heavy weights. Hold a boiling kettle of water near the material. This is the best known method of cleaning velvet. Grease and other stains may be removed by applying alcohol, chloroform, benzine, turpentine, raw potato, yolk of egg, etc. Lay the article on a flat surface and apply the cleansing fluid with a small brush, nail brush, hand brush, etc.

TERRACES AND EROSION

EFFECTIVE METHOD TO PREVENT WASHING OF SOIL.

Bench Terrace Used by Ancients—By Ridge Plan It Is Possible to Eliminate Steep, Uncultivated Strips That Interfere With Farming Operations.

Terracing is the most effective method of preventing erosion. There are two distinct types of terraces—the bench terrace and the ridge terrace. A field of bench terraces resembles a series of benches or a flight of steps. Ridge terraces, as the name implies, are simply ridges of earth thrown up across the slopes of hillsides.

Of the two types the bench terrace is much the older. The ridge terrace has come into general use only during the last twenty-five years. Bench terraces for agricultural purposes were used by the ancients of Europe, Asia and South America. The ancient Peruvians in South America terraced the steep slopes of mountains, the walls of the terrace embankments being built of stone.

The bench terrace is essentially a step-land terrace. Ridge terraces are much superior for lands of moderate slopes, as with them it is possible to

Method of Carrying Terrace Water Under a Roadway by Means of a Culvert.

eliminate the steep, uncultivated strips that interfere with farming operations and often are seed beds for weeds.

The bench terrace is usually built with the reversible hillside plough by which the soil is always thrown down the hill. This is done for a number of years until the bench becomes level or the slope of the bench is slightly reversed. A ridge of earth is kept at the outer edge of the bench to prevent the surface water from running from one bench to the next bench below. Bench terraces should be level; that is, they should have no fall along the direction of their length. Before the bench between the terraces is embankments is made level by ploughing the soil down the slope the surface water is held above the shoulder at the outer side of the bench. Part of the water may move off slowly to the ends of the terrace and the rest will either sink into the soil or evaporate. A heavy sod should be kept on the shoulder and embankment to prevent erosion should the shoulder be overtopped due to heavy rain.

When a bench terrace is first started, the shoulder should be built about one foot high and three feet wide at the base. These dimensions can be reduced some as the levelling down of the bench proceeds. When the bench has become level it is only necessary to maintain a small shoulder about one-half foot high at the outer side of the bench. This will prevent possible damage to the terrace due to an excessively heavy rain.

The distance between the terraces is governed by the vertical distance or drop and not by the distance along the surface of the ground. The distance along the surface of the ground will be different for different slopes of the land where the same vertical distance between the terraces is used.

The proper drop or vertical distance between bench terraces depends largely on how much care and attention is given to the terraces, the greater the drop the more care required. The greater the drop the higher will be the embankment, and it is much more difficult to maintain a high than a low embankment. The best practice indicates that the drop between bench terraces should never be less than three feet nor more than six feet, although a drop of eight feet has been used successfully on steep slopes where the terraces are carefully maintained.

Salt of Great Importance.

A little chore that is of great importance and one that is often neglected, is that of salting the stock that is on pasture. Cattle, sheep and horses on pasture will consume more salt if they have a chance to do so than they will when receiving dry feed. Salt acts as a regulator of the digestive growth and development, especially of the young growing animals.

The Cripple and the Crutch.

As a cripple depends on the crutch—so your eyes are dependant on the glasses.—A crutch of many kinds may assist a cripple, but you certainly will injure your precious eyesight by using any makeshift glass that may appear to be a relief. Be sure you are wearing the correct lens for each eye.—You run no chance of a misfit by having your eyes examined by H. E. SMITH, the eyesight specialist.—Only the best approved styles of glasses prescribed. We have always given attention to fitting Oculists' prescriptions.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

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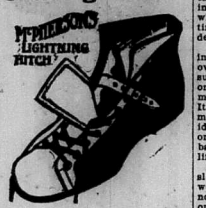

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NAPANEE and TRENTON

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FOR ONE MONTH

Commencing Saturday, January 31st to February 28th

we are offering Men's Heavy Rubbers at nearly cost price. It will pay you to take advantage of these special prices as Rubbers are advancing.

Men's knee boots, all white	$6.00
Men's knee boots, Greylings	$6.00
Men's knee boots, Monarch	$6.00
Men's gum boots, Maltese Cross	$4.25
Men's 3-eyelet, Monarch	$3.75
Men's 3-eyelet, Maltese Cross	$3
Men's 4-eyelet, Maltese Cross	$3.75
Men's buckle, lumber jack's sung proof	$3.00
Men's black and tan, leather tops 7 in	$3.50
Boys' gum knee boots, 1 to 5	$2.75

Guaranteed all No. 1 stock.

J. WILKINS,
Boot Repair Store,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

Callouses or Pain There are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing uneven pressure. The sole of the foot burns; great and little toe joints enlarge and a crampling pain known as Morton's Toe develops.

This condition, as well as corns, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and the cause permanently corrected by the use of

Dr Scholl's
Foot Comfort Appliances

It does not matter what your foot troubles are, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl line of Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Consult Our Foot Specialist
He is a Graduate Practipedist—a man who knows all about foot troubles and how to make bad feet easy and comfortable. Examination and advice free. See us today.

The Haines Shoe Houses

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

FULL STOCK OF
Flour and Feeds, etc. A car of Salt on hand. We are headquarters for
Cream Separators
Call and see them and get our prices.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
1017

Separator Oil 25c the quart at WALLACE'S—bring your can.

Secure your seats NOW for "MIKADO"

Get your game traps NOW. The best and the cheapest at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

Mr. Colins, Toronto, has moved his family back to the paper mills at Camden East and has secured his former position as paper maker. The mills are doing a rushing business.

LOST SLEEP.

Daylight Saving Helped to Make an Army of Time-evaders.

"Now that we have returned to the 'old' time, I want to tell you that we will have a people with better nerves," said a well-known doctor. "People got in the way of stealing that hour. They evaded nature's rule persistently in the belief that they were fooling old Father Time, when at the same time the only ones who were being hoodwinked were themselves. Many persons who were in the habit of going to bed at 11 o'clock at night would yawn when the clock's hands pointed to 11, remark that it really was only 10 o'clock 'by rights,' decide to use fully the hour that they believed was being stolen from them and wait up until it generally was after 12 when they got tucked between the sheets.

"In the morning, though, they had to settle up, as nature cannot be cheated so easily as humans. Feeling the lack of the hour's sleep to which they had been accustomed, the time evaders would be compelled to desert their comfortable beds.

"Some persons gain the erroneous impression that sleep can be carried over like figures in addition and subtraction, such as by sleeping late on Sunday once in a while they can make up for what they have lost. It takes something like a serious ailment to disabuse their minds of the idea. Losing sleep is like drawing on principal instead of interest in a bank. Its effects are felt in later life if not before.

"I know of some persons who are sleeping under the daisies now that would be alive and well if they had not tried to put it over on nature on the sleeping game. Most of them were victims of influenza and pneumonia."

In conclusion the doctor said, with a twinkle in his eye:

"Those who will gain doubly are the wives of many of the victims of lost sleep. The latter have been having a battle every morning to get their husbands out of bed so that the men would not lose their jobs, and after they had performed the unpleasant duty they have had to stand such growls and accumulated peevishness that it was a relief to them when their better halves rushed to work after gulping what they could with the limited time they had left for eating after being late in rising."

Credit Sale.

S. W. Clark, auctioneer, will sell for the undersigned on lot 29, 7th con. of North Fredericksburgh, about three miles east of Napanee, on Palace road, on Tuesday, February 17th, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, sharp, the following: 5 good heavy work horses, 10 milch cows, 1 new milker; 2 2-year old heifers, coming in; pure bred Holstein registered bull, coming 3 years; 2-year old steer, one Cormick mower, 7 ft.; Deering mower, 6 ft.; Massey-Harris hay loader, McCormick rake, 12 ft.; side rake, 2 disc harrows, manure spreader, Frost & Wood binder, 7 ft.; Frost & Wood disc drill, stiff tooth cultivator, spring tooth cultivator, steel roller, iron harrow, four sections; walking plow, gang plow, 2 sulky plows, wheelbarrow, heavy spring wagon, 2 covered buggies, 2 cutters, 2 sets bobsleighs, Chatham fanning mill and bagger, 2 lumber wagons wagon rack and crib, nearly new; pair scales, 1200 lbs.; corn cultivator, 2 sets double harness, 2 sets single harness, about 200 bushels of O. A. C. oats of 1918 crop, large list of household goods, etc. Usual terms.

GEORGE & PERCY SHOREY,
Owners.

Woodhouse's celebrated poultry invigorator, animal invigorator, and louse powder, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Horace Paul, Roblin, spent a few days this week in Belleville.

Mrs. Wm. Norris is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Whittock, Madoc, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Alex. MacGregor.

Mr. Fred W. Smith, Weyburn, Sask., spent a day this week with his father, Mr. J. F. Smith.

Mr. F. H. Perry spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Mrs. (Dr.) Northmore, of Bath, spent last week the guest of Mrs. Clara Johnston, John street.

Mrs. F. S. Boyes gives a tea this afternoon.

Mrs. W. R. Lott is visiting her mother, Mrs. Caton, Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Will. Masters, of Ameliasburgh, have been guests of Mrs. Masters' aunt, Mrs. Hiram Sills.

Mrs. E. I. Boyle entertained on Thursday afternoon—cards.

Mr. Jas. Cole, Deseronto, was in Napanee on Monday.

Mr. Geo. Tustin is confined to his room with grippe.

Mr. and Mrs. Arch Caton returned from Chicago on Wednesday.

Mrs. E. J. Pollard is spending the week-end with Mrs. C. H. Boyes, Kingston.

Mrs. J. S. Ham entertained on Wednesday afternoon—bridge.

Miss Kathleen Jakes, of Merrickville, is a visitor at the Vicarage.

Mr. Timothy Kenny, Toronto is visiting friends at Enterprise.

Mr. R. A. Portt, of Shannonville, Miss Anita Gallagher, Napanee, and her brother, Mr. J. R. Stratton Gallagher, of Belleville, spent Sunday last with Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Gallagher, Dorland.

Mrs. Wm. McCabe, Napanee, is spending a month with her daughter, Mrs. Ross Perry, Oshawa.

Mr. Ross Perry, Oshawa, was successfully operated upon Sunday afternoon in Kingston hospital for appendicitis, under the skillful hands of Dr. Cameron Wilson, Napanee.

Mr. Wm. McCabe, Napanee, accompanied Ross Perry, Oshawa, and Dr. Cameron Wilson, Napanee to Kingston on Sunday morning, and is remaining over for a few days.

BIRTHS

Madden—At Napanee, on Thursday, February 5th, 1920, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Madden, a daughter

MARRIAGES

Brethen—Parrott—On Wednesday, February 11th, 1920, at the home of the bride's parents, by the Rev. E. B. Cooke, Bertha Hazel, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Parrott, Switzerville, to Claude B. Brethen, B.A., only son of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Brethen, Switzerville.

Thompson—Markle—At the residence of the bride's parents, Napanee, by Rev. W. P. Rogers, on February 11th, 1920, Percy Thompson and Eva L. Markle.

DEATHS

Card—At Toronto, on Monday, February 9th, 1920, Wilbur Card, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Jethro Card, aged 25 years.

Detlor—At Hamilton, on Tuesday, February 10th, 1920, Mrs. Jacob Detlor, sister of Mr. John Fralick, Morven.

McConnell—At Napanee, on Tuesday, February 10th, 1920, Edward Charles McConnell, aged 66 years.

Perry—At Napanee, on Wednesday, February 11th, 1920, Levi H. Perry, aged 54 years, 18 days.

Webb—At North Fredericksburgh, at the residence of Mr. C. H. Spencer, Tuesday, February 10th, 1920, Hiram Thomas Webb.

YAHOO CLUB DANCE
IN THE TOWN HALL
At the close of the Collegiate Concert on
FRIDAY EVENING, FEB 13
Proceeds in aid of Collegiate Memorial Fund.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Prof Ferguson delivered a most interesting address on Friday evening last on "Mediaeval Oxford." He traced the development of the University from its origin until the present day, its struggles with the religious orders and the long drawn out contest between the "Town and Gown" culminating in the almost complete surrender of the Municipal to the University authorities. By a well selected series of lantern slides he illustrated the architectural evolution of this ancient seat of learning.

The President announced that the publication of the history of the effort of Lennox & Addington in the war is being delayed through the neglect of the veterans and their friends to answer the questions that have been forwarded to them. The soldier cannot get credit for his participation in the war unless the information is sent in to the society. It is the wish of the Society that the record of every Lennox & Addington soldier be published. In order that this may be done complete data must be sent in at once. If the questions are not easily answered, a letter will serve the same purpose so long as it gives the soldier's name in full, his parent's names, place of birth, date of enlistment, regiment, rank, number, and a brief history of where he went and what he did overseas.

It is expected the book will contain 200 pages or more with photographs of all who made the supreme sacrifice. Let us hope that every reader of the Express who had a friend in uniform will help to make the book a success by seeing to it that these letters are sent in at once to the secretary, Rev. A. J. Wilson, Napanee, otherwise the friend's name may not appear in the volume at all.

"New Wine in Old Bottles"

That is the way one reviewer sums up that delightful story of a quest for millions in gold doubloons left in the West Indies by buccaneers, recorded in the new serial about to appear in this paper.

Pieces of Eight

By Richard Le Gallienne

The lure of buried treasure is perennial. Add mysterious caves, pirates, ruins, a sea-swept island, moonlight on the water and the attending dangers, and it sounds like "Treasure Island." If you have ever heard that impelling call of adventure you can't resist this story.

Keep your eyes open for the first instalment!

NEW ALTERATIONS
TO FACILITATE OUR SERVICE.

Last week and this the carpenter's hammer and saw has been effectively used in changing the layouts of our Waist and Corset Sections. We think that under our present arrangements you will be able to shop in greater comfort and to much better advantage.

During recent years our Corset Department has grown to a large part of our business, and we have given special attention to provide for your comfort while shopping, as well as featuring several of the best lines of Corsets made.

We constantly carry a varied and complete assortment of correctly styled Waists.

THE ROBINSON CO., Limited, Napanee.

CHOOSE PORCH AND HOUSE DRESSES NOW
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

Our reason for advising you to buy your requirements of morning dresses now is because we have just received our spring stocks which include the famous Martha Washington and Canadian Lady Styles. They are fashioned in neat, attractive styles from Prints, Percale, Ginghams and Chambrey, and are procurable in a splendiid assortment of colors. Then, too, we made our contracts for these lines away back in September, 1919, and every garment is worth 25 to 50 cents more money at present markets. Then, too, these dresses are carefully made in every detail, even down to sewing on buttons. They are full sized and at present the range of sizes runs up to 53 O. S.. Also included in this assortment are lovely models for camp wear. We urge you to investigate these garments.

THE ROBINSON CO., Limited

C. C. A LA GRACE BACK LACING CORSETS

Every woman wants service and comfort from her corset and she has the privilege to demand the same because the outward appearances of her gowns depends upon the hidden parts of her wearing apparrel. Your health, your appearance, your comfort demands that you choose a corset which is individually constructed for your particular figure. For women of medium proportions who prefer back lacing corsets we know of no better made corset than C. C. A. La Grace. Their styles are good, their values splendid, and we have new spring models now in stock. In our newly arranged corset department you can shop in ease.

We also carry "Nemo" corsets in back lacing styles and "Gossard" the original front lacing corsets. Our corsetiere will be glad to assist you in choosing and fitting a proper type of corset.

NEW DRESSES IN SERGE JERSEY, TRICOTINE—EMPHASIZING THE STYLES FOR 1920

No one questions the service which one gets from a wool dress made from the above mentioned materials. In fact, women folk in general with one voice proclaim they are indispensable. They answer so many demands and are serviceable and warm.

If you are planing a trip by train, or want a street dress, a house dress for cold weather, in fact they are useful in numerous ways.

In ways of styling fashion has placed her seal of approval on straight lines, over tunics, and eton jacket effects. Braids, vests, narrow belts, buttons, and pockets are used for ornamentation.

Extraordinary good values are now procurable as well as an unusually varied assortment from which to choose.

ROBINSON'S DRESS SECTION

SEPARATE SKIRTS ARE USEFUL GARMENTS FOR ANY WOMAN TO OWN

Last week our records revealed that we had an especially good week's selling on separate skirts. This is reasonable to expect because at this season of the year a separate skirt is a useful and practical garment.

Our present stock features many splendid types of skirts consisting of serges, novelty plaids in wool or silk, fancy wash skirts and poplins. Belts, Pockets, Buttons, Braids, Embroidery and stitching are used for trimming and decoration. Misses, regular and O. S. sizes are procurable.

SKIRT SECTION

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY FURS

OUR REGULAR PRICE TO-DAY IS LESS THAN MANUFACTURER'S COSTS WILL BE NEXT SEASON ON MANY LINES OF FURS

This is not a "fairy story" or a "yarn" from the man on the outside but a fact founded on conditions which is gained by thorough investigation into the raw skin markets of the world.

If you intend to invest your money in a fur coat or a fur set we would urge you to do so before the best values are picked up by shrewd, money-wise buyers.

HERE ARE VALUES NOW OBTAINABLE IN FURS

2 only Men's Coon Coats, good quality, size 42 and 48, priced **$165.00** and **$175.00**

1 only Man's South American Beaver Coat, size 42, priced **$115.00**

1 only Ladies' Muskrat Coat, made from Hay Bay skins, excellent quality, 46 inches long, special value, **$250.00**

1 only Ladies' Hudson Seal Coat, 45 inches long, sable trimmed, size 40, priced **$375.00**

1 only Ladies' Hudson Seal Coat, 42 inches long, Marlie Collar, satin lined, size 40, priced **$335.00.**

Several Ladies' Mink Marmot Coats, in good style and quality, Brocaded Poplin lined, special values at **$95.00, $100.00, $110.00**

Two grey goat robes, one light, other dark in color, well finished, 60 x 72 in size, priced **$26.00**

One Brown goat robe, long haired, neatly lined, 60 x 72 in size, priced **$26.00**

HERE IN A CONDENSED FORM WE ENUMERATE THE MERCHANDISE TO BE FOUND IN OUR CARPET DEPARTMENT

Realizing that many of our customers have but a faint idea of the variety of articles we have in our carpet department, we have decided to use part of our advertising this week to give the public a definite idea of the immensity of our stock in the Carpet Department.

The following is a partial list:—

Jute, Tapestry, and Brussels Carpet.
Rugs and Art Frings.
Furniture cord and Gimp.
Portier Cord and Banding.
Onward Furniture Sliding Shoes.
Stair Rods and Plates.
Drapery Hooks and Pins.
Rod attachment for Tubing.
Pole Brackets and knobs.
Brass and Wood Pole Sockets
Kirch Portier Rods, adjustable.
Tassel and Moulding Hooks.
Brass Pole Rings, all sizes.
Oil Cloth Binding.
Tassels, Pulls and Shade Rings.
Curtain Loops, white and colored.
Roller Blind Lace and Insertion.
Lace, Swiss Voile, Net and Marquisette Curtains.
Brass Curtain Poles.
Reede white Wood Curtain Poles.
Weather Strips and Stops.
Brass Tubing, ⅜, ¾, and 1 inch.
Wood Portier Rods, 1½ inch.
Upholstering materials, in Velours, Repps, Moire, and Tapestry.
Curtain Materials in Muslins, Bungalow Net, Madras, Scrims, Scotch Filets and Marquisette, 30 cents to $1.00 per yard.
American and French Shadow Cloth, Casement cloths and Poplins.
Carpet Bindings.
Tapestry Curtains, Couch Covers, and Table Covers.
Velour, Poplin, and Repp Portier Cloth, 50 inches wide.
Hall Runners in Velvet, Axminster, and Wilton.
RUGS, in Tapestry, Brussels, Fibre, Oil Cloth, Congoleum, Axminster and Wilton.
American, Canadian, and Scotch Linoleum, 2 and 4 yards wide, Congoleum 2 and 3 yards wide.
Carpet and Vacuum Sweepers.
Window Shades and Shade Rollers.
Oil Cloth and Congoleum rug surrounding.
Cocoa and Steel Door Mats.

BUY W.S.S. THRIFT STAMPS

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

BUY W.S.S. THRIFT STAMPS